

NEWARK POST

VOLUME VI

NEWARK POST, NEWARK, DEL., JANUARY 19, 1916

NUMBER 52

BUILDING NEW FACTORY

LARGE ADDITION TO CONTINENTAL FIBRE COMPANY PLANT

Work on the new Bakelite-Duro factory of the Continental Fibre Company, under the direction of Contractor L. B. Jacobs, is progressing rapidly. The foundations are about complete, and a force of forty men is at work on the building which Mr. Jacobs expects to complete by April first.

The new fireproof building will be a combination of concrete, brick, and steel. It is of the modern factory type with steel sash windows, which flood the interior with sunlight. About one half the size of the buildings will be windows. The building, 281 feet long, 53 feet wide, and two stories in height, will form the southernmost part of the plant, extending from South Chapel street to the center railroad.

In spite of the cold weather Mr. Jacobs is pushing the concrete work, which he declares, with proper precautions, can be made entirely satisfactory.

Parent-Teachers' Meeting Scheduled

The Newark Parent-Teachers Association will meet in the grammar school Thursday afternoon, January 27th, at 8.30 o'clock sharp.

A cordial invitation is extended to parents and all who are interested in the school welfare.

FARMERS' INSTI- TUTES IN NEW CASTLE COUNTY

L. H. Cooch, County Agent

Two weeks of Farmers' Institutes closed at Bear Station, Jan. 14, after some of the most interesting and well attended meetings in the history of Institutes in this County. In spite of bad roads and rainy weather nearly all of the meetings were well attended, showing that farmers in this section appreciated the able speakers that had been secured. Beginning with Stanton, on January 3d., Institutes were held at Mermaid, Middletown, Hockessin, Glasgow, Rose Hill, Blackbird, Townsend, Union, Centerville, Talleyville and Bear Station. All of the subjects discussed were evidently of vital importance to farmers, as a great many questions were asked by those who attended the meetings.

The raising of alfalfa, as discussed by Prof. Grantham, Dr. J. E. Lipman, Director of the N. J. Experiment Station, and Mr. M. T. Phillips, of Pomeroy, Pa., is a subject of especial interest, particularly in sections of the County where timothy and clover hay has not been a paying crop. All of the speakers on alfalfa brought out the necessity of planting it on well drained land, using the proper amount of lime, and inoculating either with soil from an alfalfa field or with commercial bacteria. Bacteria may be secured from the U. S. Department of Agriculture from any of the reliable firms manufacturing bacteria cultures. Mr. Cyrus F. Flook, a wide-awake citizen of Frederick County, Maryland, gave talks on how they have brought their rural schools up to date along the lines of school improvement, and methods of teaching agriculture and other subjects. Every new country school house that has been built in Frederick County during the last four years has three acres of land around it, for use in agricultural demonstration work by the boys and girls, as well as for play grounds. Mr. Flook spoke also on cooperative buying and selling, describing the workings of a farmers cooperative organization at Myersville, Md., that buys anything a farmer has to sell, and sells him anything he wants to buy. Stock in this company sells for \$10 per share. All the shares held by farmers, and the company has been paying a dividend of 8 per cent during the past six years. This organization has been

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State Aid Discontinued To Pupils Outside Delaware

The State Board of Education met at Dover last Friday, when many matters of educational interest were discussed. Dr. Charles A. Wagner, State Commissioner of Education was instructed to call the attention of the county school commissioners to schools at which the attendance is too large, with a view to relieving the congestion. Professor Hayward and Dr. Wagner were appointed a committee to transmit commendations to school teachers who have taken an active interest in club work and club projects among the pupils.

It was also ordered that Water's text book on agriculture be placed on the permanent text book list of the schools. The committee on State aid to persons preparing to teach was discontinued, in view of the fact that no State aid is now allowed students attending outside normal schools.

The board adopted a recommendation that the State commissioner of education be excused from teaching at the Summer School, so that he may give his time for the 'publication of teachers' annual reports and the preparation of a general report on education in the State.

The president of the board, Henry Ridgely of Dover, was requested to act as a special committee on the advisability of having a text book in the schools of the State on history and civics of the State of Delaware, and report at the next meeting.

AGRICULTURAL COURSE CHANGED

Course at Delaware Thoroughly Revised

The Agricultural Department makes the following announcement and explanation concerning important changes in the agricultural courses: "The entire four-years' course in Agriculture at Delaware College has been revised and strengthened to increase the efficiency for the instruction and to enable the students to get a better foundation and more detail work in the special lines in which they are working. The course, as a whole, is made up of a foundation of basic scientific and cultural subjects, upon which is built a superstructure of work in applied science practical work in the various branches of Agriculture.

"No student will be given a degree in Agriculture until he has gotten some practical experience upon a farm. Each student will be required to spend at least two summers or their equivalent in practical work, before his senior year. The amount of practice work given in the laboratories and on the farm will be materially increased to strengthen the classroom and lecture work.

"Each candidate for graduation will be required to complete a minimum of 136 credit term hours of work, in addition to Military Science and Physical Training, throughout his entire course. Of these 136 credit hours, 98 hours are required in subjects including English and other languages, Mathematics, History, Economics, Sociology, Bacteriology, Physics, Chemistry and Genetics. In addition to this, a minimum of 43 credit hours in the elective courses offered must be chosen by the student, of which not more than 15 hours can be taken outside of the Department of Agriculture. This is the minimum requirement. In all cases, students will be urged to take as much in excess of the minimum requirement as they can, and still maintain a satisfactory standing in their work. The courses in Agronomy, Animal Husbandry and Horticulture have all been increased in number and some of the courses which have been given in the past strengthened by the addition of extra lecture, laboratory and practice work.

"This revision of the work has been based upon a thorough study of the courses offered in the leading agricultural colleges in the United States, and should place Delaware College in the first rank according to the character of the

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"Little Legislature" In Session

The legislative auditing committee, consisting of Senators Barnard and Hofferker and Representatives Evans, Hall, and Hill met at the State House, Dover on Tuesday, and organized by electing Senator Hofferker as chairman, Representative Hill as secretary, and H. C. Downard, president of Wilmington City Council and a member of the last house, as clerk. The committee began the audit of the State officers' accounts on Tuesday afternoon.

Checks Received By Dr. Mitchell

Announcement has been made by Dr. S. C. Mitchell, president of Delaware College, of the receipt of two checks amounting to \$500,000, gifts to the college. The donor, whose name at his request was not announced, promised the contributions some time ago. Of this amount \$200,000 is for an endowment fund and \$300,000 for the erection of a Science Hall and the remodeling of the old Dormitory Building.

Pleasing Entertainment Last Saturday

The students and faculty of the Women's College were pleasantly entertained on Saturday evening, January 15, by vocal music and aesthetic dancing. Miss Isabelle Wales, accompanied by Mr. Wyatt, sang a number of charming songs in English and French. Miss Bessie duPont, accompanied by Miss Eleanor Pyle, gave an exhibition of several aesthetic dances; and also, with Mr. Ashton as a partner, did some ballroom fancy dancing.

Convalescing From The Grip

Rev. A. Van Overen, pastor of the Head of Christiana and Christiana Churches, will resume his pastoral duties the first Sunday in February. Mr. Van Overen has been confined to his bed since the week following Christmas with a severe attack of the grip. He was on Tuesday able to sit up a part of the day.

D. C. Athletic Council Hold Important Session

The Delaware College Athletic Council at a meeting last night approved the football schedule for next fall which has been entirely completed by Manager Ewing. There are eight games on the schedule, five of which will be played at home and three away. The schedule is one of the hardest that Delaware has scheduled for some years. For Thanksgiving Day Mt. St. Mary's of Emmitsburg, Md., a team that always gives the blue and gold a hard game has been scheduled. The members of the Council was particularly anxious to get a hard game for this day as the Thanksgiving Day games for the past two years have been a disappointment to some extent owing to the visiting eleven's turning out to be easy for Delaware. The schedule approved last night follows:

Saturday, October 7, Pennsylvania Military College at Chester.

October 14, Western Maryland at Newark.

October 21, Haverford at Newark.

October 28, Stevens Institute at Hoboken.

November 4, Dickinson at Carlisle.

November 11, St. John's of Annapolis at Newark.

November 18, Gallaudet of Washington at Newark.

November 30 (Thanksgiving Day) Mt. St. Mary's at Newark.

The Council also approved the basketball schedule for the remainder of the season as presented by Manager Bounds. Coach McAvoy explained that owing to striking so many conflicting dates with other colleges much difficulty was experienced in arranging the complete basketball schedule. The remainder of the schedule follows:

January 29, Pennsylvania Military College at Chester.

February 5, Swarthmore at Newark.

February 11, St. John's of Annapolis at Newark and Scrubs vs. W. C. A.

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Consider Locating New Plant Here

William B. Burroughs of the William Numsen and Sons, Baltimore, Md., has been in Newark this week with the view of establishing a plant for canning corn. The Numsen Company is an old established firm started in 1847, with headquarters at Baltimore. They operate several factories in different sections of the country, one of which is at Frederica, Del.

Mr. Burroughs is working to secure the opinion of different farmers in this section relative to the advisability of locating a plant here. It will require approximately 800 acres for the successful operation of their type of factory. Their proposition is purely a business one. They ask no bonus or consideration from the Board of Trade. If the farmers can give the company a reasonable guarantee of growing the crop, the firm will probably consider this location favorably.

Mr. Burroughs expressed himself as anxious to meet the farmers and get their point of view, as he said, the project is not a temporary one. Their type of factory construction is one involving considerable expense. He expects to return next week, when a farmers' meeting will probably be called. The business of the Baltimore concern will enter no competition with the Ritter factory, the fields covered by the two firms being entirely different ones.

DELAWARE MAN AC- CEPTS GOOD OFFER

Scientific Work Of Dr. Taubenhause Recognized

Dr. J. J. Taubenhause of the Department of Plant Pathology at Delaware College, has accepted the offer made to him recently from the State College of Texas. He has been made head of the Department of Plant Pathology and Physiology. Aside from this, he will have charge of the graduate work of this department.

Dr. Taubenhause, upon invitation of the Director of the Texas Station, visited the college during the Christmas holidays, following which came the offer, at an increase of \$1000 salary over his present position of \$1400. In addition he will represent the college at the several national scientific meetings.

The Texas institution has over 1000 students with a faculty of over 100 members. To show some scope of the work, the station there has 140 county agents with 21 sub stations.

This recognition of Dr. Taubenhause is only the logical outcome of his scientific work. During his six years, he has published some twenty scientific works, which are recognized throughout the country. During this time he has every year read one or more papers before the scientific associations. He has been a regular contributor to several of the scientific journals, aside from much popular work bearing directly on the practical.

It is well to note that the invitations to deliver these addresses are more than ordinary convention talks. These papers represent original research and are read before the great investigators of the country. The position just accepted came in recognition of this work.

Dr. Taubenhause will leave for his new work sometime during February.

Newark Man Mentioned For Honorary Membership

In the last monthly report of the National German-American Alliance issued on January 11 a list of the honorary life members of that body appears. One only is mentioned for Delaware, this being Jacob Thomas, the wallpaper manufacturer of Newark. The membership costs fifty dollars and entitles the holder to all privileges such as voting, taking part as an active delegate in the biennial conventions and holding office. The report was printed in the Mitteilungen, the official organ of the Alliance.

Collector Of Rare Books To Visit The Colleges

In connection with the three hundredth anniversary of the death of Shakspeare in April, Mr. George A. Plimpton of New York has accepted the invitation of Delaware College to make an address on "The Books that Shakspeare Used." Mr. Plimpton is one of the foremost business men in America. He finds time, however, to keep up his interest in education and literature. He is the President of the Board of Trustees of Amherst College, affiliated with Columbia University; he is also the treasurer of the Robert's College in Constantinople, that has done so much to revitalize the people in the Balkans.

Mr. Plimpton is a great collector of books. He presented to Wellesley College a rare collection of Italian books in memory of his wife who was a Wellesley woman. There has recently been upon exhibit in the New York City Library, a unique collection of books pertaining to the history of education in America, which he drew together.

Perhaps the most distinctive collection that Mr. Plimpton has made is that of the books used by the school children in Shakspeare's time. Some of the rarest of these volumes cost almost fabulous sums; in a few instances only one or two editions are extant. Mr. Plimpton shows to the audience the actual book and makes a running comment upon its contents and history. His collection of Horn Books is surpassed only by that made by an English nobleman.

The date for Mr. Plimpton's address has not yet been definitely determined. The plan now is to have him speak at the Women's College in the afternoon near the anniversary date of Shakspeare's death.

Stockholders Elect Directors

Stockholders of the Farmers' Trust Company of Newark, at the annual meeting held last week elected the following directors: J. Wilkins Cooch, Alfred A. Curtis, Samuel M. Donnell, Joseph H. Hossinger, Eben B. Frazer, Ernest Frazer, Nathan Motheral, Harry Hayward, J. W. Scott, Harvey Hofferker, Daniel Thompson, and Dr. F. L. Springer. The Board organized, electing officers as follows: president, Mr. Cooch; vice-president, Mr. Curtis; secretary, Mr. Hossinger; treasurer, H. E. Vinsinger.

M. E. Missionary Meeting

The Newark Auxiliary of the W. H. M. S. met at the home of Mrs. Fred Cain, Friday afternoon.

The president being sick, the vice-president Mrs. Roberts, occupied the President's chair.

After dispensing with the business, the program in charge of Mrs. Thompson was taken up.

Subject, National Force.

Mrs. Thompson read a paper.

Mrs. Manns gave a talk.

Mrs. Roberts read a poem: "The old year and the new."

The meeting adjourned. Refreshments served and a social time enjoyed.

Mary T. Williams.

Historical Society Elects Officers

At the meeting of the Delaware Historical Society held last Monday officers for the year were elected as follows: George A. Elliott, president; General James Harrison Wilson, U. S. A., retired, vice-president of New Castle county; Henry Ridgely, vice president of Kent county, and Judge Henry C. Conrad, vice-president of Sussex county; C. L. Ward, recording secretary; Mrs. Peter T. Wright, corresponding secretary; William Bush, treasurer; W. G. Tatnall, historiographer, and W. G. Ramsey, librarian. The board of directors elected is composed of Judge I. C. Grubb, R. H. Richards, T. F. Bayard, J. B. Bird, and T. H. Hofferker.

Mrs. Wright is the first woman elected to office in the society, but this fact is solely due to the recent admission of women to membership.

MARCH FIRST MOVING DAY

NEW LAW AFFECTING RENTERS BY THE YEARS

Several inquiries have reached this office during the last week relative to the new law which fixes March first as the legal moving day in Delaware outside of Wilmington. The points of the law are (1) that March the first is the legal moving day for all tenants renting by the year; (2) landlord or tenant in order to terminate the lease at that time must give notice in writing on or before December first of the preceding year. Section one and two from the law follow:

Section 1. That every lease or demise of real estate situate in New Castle county, outside the limits of the city of Wilmington made and entered into on or after the twenty-fifth day of March A. D. 1913, in which lease or demise or term is expressly limited, shall be deemed and construed to terminate and expire on the first day of March then next ensuing at 12 o'clock noon, subject to the provisions of the following section.

Section 2. Whenever such lease or demise as specified in the foregoing section shall be made and entered into, more than three months prior to the first day of March then next ensuing, said lease or demise shall be extended for one year from said first day of March at twelve o'clock noon for which year the tenant shall pay the rent, and all the stipulations of the demise shall continue in force, and so on from year to year, unless three months and upwards before the first day of March either the landlord gives notice in writing to the tenant in possession to remove, or the tenant gives like notice to the landlord of his intention to remove from the demised premises. In no such case shall notice be necessary to terminate any such lease or demise as specified in the foregoing section at the time therein provided for such termination.

OBITUARY

Joseph C. Rankin

Joseph C. Rankin, one of Delaware's most venerable citizens and a descendant of a family notable in the State during the Revolutionary War, died on Saturday at his home near Newark, in his ninety-third year. Funeral services were held this afternoon at 1.30 o'clock at the home of his nieces, the Misses Springer, in Newark. Interment at Head of Christiana cemetery.

Mr. Crawford was born in 1823, the son of Joseph and Mary Crawford Rankin at the family homestead, "Rankin Hall Farm" in Mill Creek hundred and lived there all of his life, save the last few months, which were spent with the Misses Springer. They, with Mrs. Clara Springer Davis, wife of Thomas Davis an attorney of Wilmington, are the only surviving members of Mr. Rankin's branch of his family.

The Rankin family were pioneers to this country from the banks of the Clyde, in Scotland, and settled on the borders of White Clay Creek near Newark. Joseph Rankin, the great, great-grandfather of the deceased, was the owner of a large tract of land located in and around what is now called Tweed's Mill, where he erected a saw mill and tannery.

Thomas Rankin, son of the pioneer during the Revolutionary War, organized a company which with him as captain did such valiant services for liberty as to be commended by George Washington. He was buried in the grave of his father at the Head of Christiana cemetery with military children, the youngest of whom was Joseph C. Rankin, who spent his life with his sister, Hannah Margaret Rankin at the old homestead. He was never married, and was noted for his integrity and kindness to all who knew him. The family was of the Presbyterian faith and in politics Democrats.

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NEED OF REFORM LIES IN INDIVIDUAL

EX-SENATOR BURTON URGES IMPORTANCE OF
PUBLIC DUTIES

Honorable Theodore E. Burton, ex-senator from Ohio, lectured in the Delaware College Oratory, last Thursday, before the students of Delaware College. A cordial invitation had been extended to the citizens of Newark by President Mitchell, and many availed themselves of the opportunity to hear the distinguished Ohioan, on the subject "The Public Man and the People." Governor Miller presided at the meeting.

The speaker introduced his discourse with remarks addressed to the student body. "The rainbow of promise," the speaker declared, "spans for you young men, a broad arch that never before in our nation's history. You are sometimes told by men of affairs who come to talk to you, that your student days are the happiest days of your life. I come to tell you it is not so. The joy of action, the joy of doing something with all the opportunity afforded in American life, is greater far. There are happier days of achievement before you. My experience of two years as tutor leads me to urge you to be systematic, to cling to one thing. Do not be discursive. There never was a time when a jack-of-all-trades was so completely out of fashion. Again let me urge you to get your data and decide promptly. If there is one characteristic of success, as illustrated in the lives of our successful men, it is the habit of deciding promptly. Take care of your health. It is one of the prerequisites of usefulness." Mr. Burton also urged the students to begin to write early, declaring "Reading maketh a full man; writing an exact man."

"But if there is anything of which I wish to be an apostle, the speaker said 'it is to enjoin upon the young men and young women a greater interest in public affairs. I do not say we as a nation have failed, but I do say that sometimes we have come near failure because of the indifference and lassitude of the people. And this condition is not an unnatural result. When one considers the wonderful financial gains in other spheres, compared to the difficulties and fickleness that one encounters in political life, it is small wonder that men give their undivided attention to business. But all this is selfish. We must rather, if we would preserve our integrity as a nation, think national thoughts, and get away from the dust heaps of selfishness and narrow localities."

The speaker referred, at this point, to a personal experience when chairman of an important committee to do with appropriations. The matter under consideration related to his own home city. Representatives from that city came to him, saying all the other sixteen members of the committee had agreed to the appropriation. They were willing to support the measure which would mean a great sum of money for the city. But the measure was not fair to my larger constituency—the whole country and I refused. Senator Burton said "It was a case of forcing the issue, one to 16, never yet heard one murmur of disapproval from Ohio because of my action. They wanted me to take a broad and comprehensive view of these important matters."

"I believe I am addressing," the speaker said, "many of the young men who will, before many years, fill the positions of trust in Delaware. Many of you will merit the term, public men. I would urge you to be affable, and kind, but don't be a hypocrite—don't slobber over men. When I see a man slapping every other man on the back and implying eternal friendship, I feel into what small molehills his friendship must be divided anyway."

"Again, in public life, it is exceedingly necessary for a public man to have the saving grace of humor. That's a part of life." The speaker referred to Lincoln's habit of giving vent through stories, and related a number which had been repeated to him by the ones whom Lincoln had told. "The public man cannot afford to be disturbed or overwhelmed," Senator Burton declared, "by the statements made in regard to himself, or in plain anglo-saxon, by the occasional lies that are hurled at his head. The more apples in the tree the more sticks are thrown to get them down, it is well to remember. The number of eligibles to membership in the Ananias Club is exceedingly large, and many whom we know seem to aspire to be first officer in the organization. If you

contradict these lies, it pleases only too well those who start them. Above all don't allow yourself to become vindictive. You may feel the returns are not all in but they are pretty sure to come, in good time. Don't let your usefulness be hindered by the thought of squaring accounts. Many men have lost the highest honors because of their habit of vindictiveness."

The speaker cautioned the young men not to be afraid of being called visionary, and urged them to be progressive. He dwelt at length on the Initiative, Referendum, and Recall, declaring that back of them there lurks all the despotism of public opinion. "The real remedy," Mr. Burton said, "lies in the reform of the individual, in his awakening to a greater interest in affairs that pertain to the general public. There is no crystallization in our society. The immigrant comes, trying to better himself. In the course of years he builds a castle finer than that of his feudal lord. America cannot afford such a wonderful opportunity without

suffering from its shadowy side—selfishness." The speaker related an experience of his boyhood, when he with a party of companions went to see a man who experimented with a machine of perpetual motion. Before they had examined the machine thoroughly they reached the conclusion that the man had wheels in his head. "Oh, come," one of the boys declared, "you must know that that can never yield you anything."

"Oh, yes I know it will never yield me anything, but think what it will mean to those who come after me," the inventor said.

"It is this spirit of devotion to the general good that is needed in American life."

"The Roman Senate existed for one hundred years, a marvellous contrast of glory and shame. But the Roman Senate during that time was an exact mirror of the Roman people. One of the greatest evils of our political life is superficiality. The young man who writes a bright epigram and has it published gains more credit than the one who gives two years of work to some great subject. I am here to decry brilliancy at the expense of great subjects. A few years ago I listened to an address by a man who had given years of study to this subject, which dealt with one of the big questions of

American life. The newspapers devoted five inches to their report of that address; while to the description of gowns worn by women at social functions, and the latest baseball news, the same papers gave columns. They, in their selection of news, cater to the demand of the people.

One thing that disturbs is the idea broadcast that the only for a position. He was refused by the position of postmaster, and with low ideas," Senator Burton public man most is not fair or unfair criticism but the low ideals of since the Christian era. It may lead to an era of militarism or one of peace. And popular government—what is that? It will be sad indeed if all talk of right and principle must be put aside to talk of duty. One government in the midst of the struggle has had parliamentary rule for centuries. The course of this government and the action of their troops in the field has been subjected to criticism to which the copperhead talk during our Civil War was slight indeed. Suppose those people should say to the legislative bodies, 'Go sit down; we will give our affairs into the hands of a chancellor and a king'?

It remains for America to show that a country in which popular government prevails is as safe and

secure as any ruled by chancellors and kings.

"Are we to disregard this transcendent blessing of peace? Isn't it time to reflect, who is my neighbor? Is it not time merely to respond to the call of alarm, but to the daily need of the community, as well."

The lesson of the war is lost unless we have not only a greater America but a better America. Don't be a pessimist, young man. This great government isn't going to fail. The successes of the past inspire us; auspicious omens beckon us to the future. It is a prouder distinction to say, 'I am an American,' today, than was the old boast of Rome. Here in such colleges as this we shall accomplish a great destiny for our country and for humanity.

Milford's Creamery Profitable

Directors of the Milford Creamery on Friday at their semi-annual meeting declared a dividend of 5 per cent. Nine per cent of the earnings was passed to the surplus fund, which now totals \$1200. For the past year a dividend of 10 per cent was paid to the stockholders more than half of whom are farmers and 15 per cent of the earnings went to the surplus fund.

Pays For Motor Killing

Attorney General Wolcott in the Court of Oyer and Terminer at Wilmington last week entered a nol pros in the case of William E. Voorhees of Kennett Square, charged with manslaughter in causing the death of William E. Matchett, of Wilmington, who while on his way to Greenhill church with his wife, one evening last fall, was run down and fatally injured by Voorhees' automobile, along the Kennett pike. It was learned that the civil suit brought by Mrs. Matchett against Voorhees for damages for her husband's death had been settled out of Court. Mrs. Matchett's counsel, Andrew C. Gray, said Voorhees had paid a sum sufficient to prompt him to due exercise of care in driving his cars hereafter. Mr. Wolcott stated to the Court that at first he believed that Voorhees was under the influence of liquor when Mr. Matchett was injured but investigation showed that the defendant was ill and his reputation for sobriety was unquestioned and his illness made him unaware of the accident.

With Everything in the Store Reduced 25 Per Cent Our January Clearance Sale That Begins Today is of Utmost Importance to Every Man.

Signed, JAMES H. WRIGHT

Inaugurated with the ordinary Clearance Sale object, this sale will be far more important than the ordinary Clearance Sale in many respects, as each and every article in the store is this season's stock. No left-overs, no job lots, everything clean, new and regular standard makes, the merchandise that meets the requirements of exacting men each and every day of the year. Reduced 25 per cent from former prices, so that a quick clearance might be effected.

Resolve to Benefit By These Savings

Men's High-Grade Suits and Overcoats

SUITS FOR EVERY MAN,
STYLISH NEW MODELS
FOR THE YOUNG MAN,
CONSERVATIVE STYLES
FOR THE MAN WHO
WANTS THEM

WERE

\$10.00
\$12.00
\$15.00
\$18.00
\$20.00
\$22.50
\$25.00

NOW

\$ 7.50
\$ 8.00
\$11.25
\$13.50
\$15.00
\$16.85
\$18.75

ALL MATERIALS, ALL COL-
ORS AND MIXTURES YOU
WILL DO WELL TO SECURE
TWO OR THREE OF
THESE SUITS AT THESE
PRICES

Silk and Lisle Half Hose, 25c and 50c
grade, now

19c and 37c

Blue, Gray and Brown Flannel Shirts,
Grade 75c Grade 94c

LEATHER SUIT CASES
AND HAND BAGS

\$2.00 grade . . . \$1.50
\$3.00 grade . . . \$2.25
\$4.00 grade . . . \$3.00
\$5.00 grade . . . \$3.75
\$6.00 grade . . . \$4.50

SAVE 25 PER CENT ON A YEAR'S SUPPLY OF SHIRTS

Work Shirts, Dress Shirts for any and all Occasions.

Were

Now

50c

371-2c

\$1.00

75c

\$1.50

\$1.121-2

\$2.50

\$ 1.1

UNDERWEAR

Natural Wool Underwear, single
and double breasted shirts, formerly
sold at \$1.00 and \$1.25 the garment.

65c Each the
or \$1.25 Suit

50c Fleece Lined Under-
wear. Special 35c

\$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50 Union
Suits, now

\$1.15, 1.50

and 1.87 the
Suit

Boys' Suits and Overcoats

WERE

\$3.00

NOW
\$2.25

WERE

\$3.50

NOW
\$2.62

WERE

\$4.00

NOW
\$3.00

WERE

\$5.00

NOW
\$3.75

WERE

\$6.00

NOW
\$4.50

WERE

\$7.00

NOW
\$4.75

WRIGHT'S

NINTH AND MARKET STS.

Next to Wil. Saving Fund

HERE AND THERE

Deputy Judge Philip M. Garrett of the Wilmington City Court has resigned after a brief service and Harry P. Joslyn, his predecessor, has been appointed his successor.

Wilmington bank clearings last week totalled \$3,624,847.41 as against \$1,682,247.61 for the like week last year.

A permit has been issued for a \$10,000 addition to the Delaware Ordnance Company's plant, part of the old Diamond State Steel Works in Wilmington.

Seaford Council has paid another \$1,000 issued by the town.

Farmers of the Selbyville section have contracted for double their former acreages of tomatoes.

Rev. Thomas C. Davis, pastor of the Baptist Church, is leading a movement to establish a branch of the Young Men's Christian Association in Milford.

The Chesapeake & Delaware Canal will be closed for repairs after February 6 if not closed earlier by ice.

Sneak thieves on Friday night stole several watches and pieces of jewelry from Robert Ferguson's home, 1802 Monroe street, Wilmington.

George M. Blackburn and wife served a turkey dinner at the old Hare's Corner Hotel on Friday to the trustees of the New Castle Commons which but seven of the thirteen members attended, the rest being ill with the grip.

Wilmington Council is considering an ordinance raising the City Treasurer's salary from \$1,200 to \$1,800, the City Auditor from \$1,500 to \$1,800 and that each of their clerks from \$1,200 to \$1,500.

Harly Smith and Roy Truitt, two Wilmington youths are held for Court charged with stealing a cornet worth \$57 from Captain Louis Boss of the Volunteers of America which they pawned for \$2.

A class of Christian Scientists which will hear lectures weekly has been organized in Georgetown.

Railroad carpenters renewing the flooring in the station at Middletown found six gold watch cases under the old boards.

Wilmington's postoffice receipts for 1915 totalled \$369,77.92, an excess of \$65,935.82 over those of 1914.

Mrs. George H. Draper, Sr., fell on a wet pavement in Milford, one day last week, breaking two bones in her wrist and her left thumb.

William Jaggard of the Roxana section fell from a hay mow, one day last week, breaking both his legs and one of his arms.

Joseph T. Gough, of Bear Station lost a valuable horse from an ailment resembling throat paralysis last week and other animals in the neighborhood are reported likewise affected.

The Wilmington New Century Club observed its twenty-seventh anniversary on Wednesday with a luncheon and concert attended by a number of guests.

Women of Immanuel Church, New Castle, have organized a Parish Guild with forty members.

Inspector Ford condemned 1375 pounds of unsound meat in Wilmington during December.

Smashing a show window in the Hurley-Powell store in Wilmington, last Tuesday night, a thief stole \$60 worth of clothing.

People leaving a moving picture show in Bridgeville were panic-stricken by a charging escaped bull last Tuesday and Price Jacobs and Charles Russell were forced to seek refuge in a tree.

President Hollingsworth entertained his fellow members of the New Castle Levy Court and newspapermen at a dinner at Ainscow's in Wilmington last Tuesday.

A steel post and rail fence covered with heavy wire has been erected around the projectile plant of the New Castle Construction

Company which, it is said, will be guarded day and night against intruders.

The Levy Court has concluded that the removal of the old Third street bridge in Wilmington to a new position on the Christiana would cost too much to warrant the undertaking.

The Wilmington & Philadelphia Traction Company has let a contract for piling and bulkheading at the bridge at Red Lion marsh, between New Castle and Delaware City to prevent washouts on the trolley line.

Thieves, one night last week, stole 50 fine fowls from D. M. Warren's poultry house at Ellendale.

Georgetown enjoyed good sleighing early last week for the first time within four years.

Thomas Sharp of Greenwood, walking in his sleep, one night last week, fell down stairs, breaking both of his arms and two of his ribs.

Daniel M. Ridgely, deputy prothonotary of Kent county, was reported on Saturday critically ill of pneumonia, following an attack of grip.

Milford firemen had up to Thursday secured \$2,000 of the \$4,000 needed to warrant the purchase of a new auto truck and chemical engine and hope to obtain the balance by tomorrow. They had \$2,000 in hand at the start of the campaign.

Owing to the absence of a material witness for the defense, the trial of Levy Court Commissioner Samuel Burris on charges growing out of the repairs to Washington street bridge, Wilmington, set for last Wednesday, was postponed until the March term of Court.

Philip Rhodes, colored, who escaped from the Ferris School two weeks previously, died last Wednesday at his home in Hamtown, a colored quarter of Middletown, where he was in hiding and contracted pneumonia.

The State Board on Thursday commended a pardon, on the ground of exemplary behavior, to George Deery of Wilmington, serving a nine year term for manslaughter, he having killed his wife on September 1, 1910.

John M. Tucker, long secretary-treasurer of the Cecil Mutual Fire Insurance Company, resigned last Tuesday. W. Sterling Evans of Kenton was elected in his place.

Erect Fine Business House
William Beadenkopf, owner of the burned Foord-Massey furniture store and warehouse at Seventh and Shipley streets, Wilmington, will replace it with a five-story and basement structure of steel throughout. It will front 65 feet on Seventh street and 52 feet on Shipley street. The floor will be of heavy slowburning timber and plank. Everything about the building will be of modern design and finish. The exterior walls will be of rough textured brick with terra cotta trimmings. A passenger and freight elevator will be placed in the building. Work on the new structure will start when the ruins of the old building are removed.

At Of Getting Industries
Aging Secretary Neil B. Siner in his annual report to the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce states that of the 103 contracting inquiries during the year to securing locations in the city but three were desirable and these wanted dry fast river front which was not available. All the others wanted free land, buildings, tax exemption, bonus, or similar extraordinary inducements.

Day Arrangements For Middletown
The Middletown Board of Light and Water Commissioners have let a tract to a Philadelphia concern for a 30 horse power engine with a direct connected dynamo to be placed in the local it. The machine will be installed by April 1 after which date it current will be furnished patrons. The engine will also be used to carry the light after business hours close the evening. With the new engine and dynamo the plant will be of the best equipped on the insula.

A Wonderful Feed

NO MIXING NO BOTHER
Will positively produce more milk than any other ration either home mixed or purchased, and do it without giving your cows constipation or other trouble. Ready to use right out of the sack without any mixing or bother.

Larro-feed

Absolutely free from adulterants and fillers. Just like the feed you would mix for yourself. Is a special combination of choice cottonseed meal, dried beet pulp, molasses and a little salt, that's all; each ingredient weighed by automatic scales and all thoroughly mixed in huge power-driven mixers, so that it is always absolutely uniform, and always good. An extra quart or two of milk daily from each cow may turn a loss into a profit. Try LARRO-FEED for more profits. Sold in a place at "money back if you are not satisfied." EDW. L. RICHARDS, Newark, Del.

Upholstering

Your Fall Upholstering Carefully Attended To

Goods Called for and Delivered

A Good Storage Room Back of

My Office

PRICES REASONABLE

R. T. JONES

Phone 22-A

Our Ad. Directory

Newark's Leading Business Houses
THE PLACE TO BUY

BANKS

Newark Trust & Safe Deposit Co.
Farmers' Trust Co. of Newark

CANDY

Newark Candy Kitchen
G. W. Rhodes

COLLEGE

Delaware College

DRUG STORE

G. W. Rhodes

DRY GOODS

J. R. Chapman
L. Handloff

ENGINES

American Machine Co.

HARDWARE

T. A. Potts

MEAT MARKET

C. P. Steele

MOVING PICTURES

Newark Opera House

OPTOMETRIST

William G. Walton

PLUMBING

W. D. Dean
Daniel Stoll

PRINTING

Newark Post

TAILOR

Sol Wilson

UNDERTAKERS

E. C. Wilson
R. T. Jones

UPHOLSTERING

R. T. Jones

VETERINARIAN

Dr. S. Taylor Young

If you can't get it in Newark buy in
WILMINGTON

BANK

Security Trust & Safe Deposit Co.

CLOTHING STORE

Mullin
Snellenburg

DEPARTMENT STORE

Lippincotts

DRY GOODS

Kennard & Co.

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

M. F. Davis

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TELEPHONE

Diamond State

Before Stocktaking

Sale Now on at

CHAPMAN'S

Special and Attractive Prices
on all lines for the week

A Horse Blanket



is not a sentimental thing indulged in by a Sportsman--its a business proposition. Aside entirely from the humanitarian instinct, the blanket will increase the working capacity of your horse. Just

run over in your mind the horses you know. Its the fat, sleek ones that do the most work.

¶ I have a line of Blankets all prices---, carriage and auto robes, that will attract your attention. The quality is just a little better than usual for the prices asked.

¶ A little out of the ordinary perhaps but for a New Year's Resolution, how's this---

"Better horses,---with blankets"

Bought at

THOMAS POTTS

Newark, Delaware

THE NEWARK POST

Newark, Delaware

Published Every Wednesday by Everett C. Johnson

Address all communications to THE NEWARK POST.
Make all checks to THE NEWARK POST.
Telephone, Delaware and Atlantic 93.

We want and invite communications, but they must be signed by the writer's name—not for publication, but for our information and protection.

Entered as second-class matter at Newark, Del., under Act of March 3, 1879.
The subscription price of this paper is \$1.00 per year in advance.

JANUARY 19, 1916

At The Sign Of The Post

Until Tuesday, January 25, the business of this office will be conducted at our present location. After that date, we expect to be moved to the new building on Welsh Lane.

Those having a rush job on hand and not finding it convenient to bring the work to the plant will call 93. Our location will in no way interfere with the service. A messenger will be sent for your order. With our increased facilities the work will probably be delivered in shorter time than heretofore.

Do not hesitate to give any order you may have. We shall not dismantle the entire plant until a part of the machinery is erected ready to care for any rush work.

NEWARK POST,
Everett C. Johnson.

POST MASTER—NOT ORGANIZATION APPOINTMENT.

Levi K. Bowen, one of the editors and owners of the Newark Ledger, was recently appointed postmaster in Newark. Hence, in political circles, the following pro-Handy editorial, which appeared in the Ledger on last Saturday, has given rise to much comment:

After reviewing the list of possible candidates for the seat occupied by the present incumbent, Senator Henry A. DuPont, the Delaware Ledger announces that in its judgment the strongest candidate to represent the Democratic party in the coming senatorial contest is Hon. L. Irving Handy, of Smyrna. When we allow our minds to revert to the Delawareans who followed Bayard and Gray in the U. S. Senate, we feel that the time has arrived for our State to send to the Senate at Washington a man of the mental caliber of those two grand old Romans. The day of oratory has not passed. The Senate chamber still rings with the eloquence of men who have power to bend the will of their fellows and arouse them to action. For a long period Delaware has sent to the Senate no orator to bring glory to her name. Since the contest is sure to be a hard one, the Democratic party is compelled to put forth its ablest candidate. Mr. Handy is the man for the office.

Mr. Handy, who is not a Democratic organization man, is fortunate, indeed, in obtaining at this time such support from a source which, in view of the post-office appointment, might naturally have been regarded as antagonistic to his Senatorial aspirations. That he is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Senator is accepted. Under the new order of things he should be able to show what strength he really has in the Democratic party in this State.

The above comment by the editor of the Evening Journal implies that Mr. Bowen received his appointment as Post Master from Senator Saulsbury. This is in no wise the case as is generally admitted in Newark. Due to Salisbury tactics, the situation of the Postmaster appointment became so acute that Mr. Salisbury was compelled to leave the choice to the Democrats of this community. Mr. Bowen is more than a Saulsbury organization Democrat and his appointment was forced by a stronger power. He is the Postmaster of the people of his party in Newark. The old Democratic organization is a thing of the past in White Clay. The appointment of Mr. Bowen was the first public announcement of the disgust with the old regime.

RURAL SCHOOL NEED

Fear of expense makes any improvement of Rural Schools a difficult proposition. Commissioners are no more to blame for this than the taxpayers who elect them. Ex-

pense is, in fact, about all many of us know about conditions in our districts. Rate of Assessment, while comparatively insignificant in the farm expense, is a topic of serious discussion. With other topics of school work, few farmers are acquainted.

Our attention has been called recently to the closed school houses in many of the rural districts until a few minutes before the hour of opening. One morning last week, raining, at one school twenty children stood around waiting for the teacher to arrive. Then to go in a room closed since 4 o'clock the afternoon before. This is only one of many instances all through the rural districts. Parents are ignorant of this condition except when the teacher makes some plea, which is seldom recognized.

Here is something that can be attended to with little expense. It should not be expected of the teacher to play the part of janitor and fireman. Ordinary health provisions for the children and common courtesy to the teacher prompt attention to these little details. Our School Commissioners can render good service by providing a remedy for this condition.

OBITUARY

(continued from page 1)

Mrs. William Latta Nassau

Mrs. William Latta Nassau, for many years soprano soloist at St. James' Catholic Church, 38th and Chestnut streets, and widely known as an instructor, died yesterday at her home, 424 West Chelten avenue, Germantown. She had been ill since her 47th birthday, December 2.

Mrs. Nassau's husband is supervisor of music of the Chester County schools and an organist, lecturer, and composer. Before her marriage she was Miss Mary Rhodes Maree. She was a descendant of General "Mad Anthony" Wayne, and of Mark Rhodes, a financier of the Revolution.

Early in her career, Mrs. Nassau gained an enviable reputation as a concert singer and choir soloist. She was the soprano soloist in the "Stabat Mater" when it was given at Willow Grove by Wassili Leps' Orchestra. Although she had not been connected with the St. James' Church for several years, her husband is the organist there. Her father, James G. Maree, is a retired jeweler. Miss Elizabeth Nassau and W. L. Nassau, Jr., a student at the University of Pennsylvania, are surviving children.

Mrs. Nassau has for years been interested in Daughters of the American Revolution, being regent of Thomas Leiper Chapter. She was a delegate to the last national convention in Washington. Funeral services will be held at her home tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The deceased is widely known in Newark where she and her husband resided for some time with the aunt of the latter, Mrs. Joseph M. Malone. Mr. and Mrs. Nassau also spent several summers at Linden Hall.

George Trueman Hatton

George Trueman Hatton, aged 66, died last Friday in a Philadelphia hospital, following an operation for appendicitis. Funeral services were held on Tuesday in Wilmington, where Mr. Hatton was widely known, having at one time been a sergeant of police. Interment in Head of Christiana Cemetery, Newark.

Mr. Hatton, who married Miss Delia Warren, of Newark, was born in Chester county, Pa., and located in Wilmington as a young man. A machinist by trade, he worked in a number of the local shops, including those of the old Harlan & Hollingsworth Co. and the Edge Moor Iron Works. Later he became a member of the police department, in which he rose to a sergeantcy, and was also for a time attached to the detective squad. After leaving the city employ Mr. Hatton went to Philadelphia.

Mrs. Hatton died about five years ago. Their children, four in number, died in infancy or early childhood.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES IN NEW CASTLE COUNTY

(continued from page 1)

the means of securing for the farmers better prices for what they grow at the same time, affording them an opportunity to buy at rock bottom prices.

Another speaker on educational subjects was Miss Mary E. Rich, professor of Education at the Women's College of Delaware, who spoke on Present Day Truths in Education. She spoke of many important details in the school equipment that should receive the immediate attention of every parent within the school district. She also urged the formation of Parent-Teacher Associations to bring about these improvements in desks, toilets, water coolers, etc.

Mr. Phillips also gave splendid addresses on Live Stock Standardization, How to Bring it About, and the Benefits to be Derived. He pointed out the advantage to farmers of a community in getting together to raise the same kind of stock. Such a practice naturally draws the attention of buyers from a distance who are looking for carload lots of some particular breed.

Prof. Grantham gave a very practical talk on the Care and Management of Farm Machinery. He gave statistics showing the amount of money spent annually by the farmers of this country for farm machinery, and also the amount spent for repairs. The latter amount is entirely too large, and could be cut down very materially by the practice of keeping farm machinery under cover when not in use.

Mr. David Snellenburg of Wilmington presented his admirable plans for roofing over a portion of King street with wired glass roof, in order to protect both farmers and buyers from storms and hot sun. Mr. Snellenburg delivered his address at four meetings, where many questions relating to the details of the plan were asked and answered. At all of these four meetings, resolutions were adopted endorsing these plans for better market conditions.

Miss Myrtle V. Caudell, professor of Home Economics, at the Women's College, and Miss Jefferson, extension worker in home economics, spoke on Food Values, giving valuable suggestions as to how to serve meals that represent a balanced ration for human beings.

Dr. Manns of the Delaware Experiment Station, gave illustrated talks on Vegetable Diseases and Disease Problems. In his talks he took up principally the diseases affecting cabbages, tomatoes, beans and potatoes as well as apples and peaches.

Prof. C. A. McCue spoke on Rejuvenating Old Apple Orchards. In his presentation of this subject the speaker made it clear that any one with a "corn mind" had better not take the trouble to rejuvenate an old orchard. After he had the big trees pruned and headed in,

and possibly sprayed once or twice, and had gone to the trouble of plowing the old orchard, the man with the "corn mind" would probably stop and work his corn and neglect the orchard. Under average farm conditions, the speaker seemed to think it would hardly pay the general farmer to attempt to rejuvenate an old orchard. Prof. McCue spoke also on Tomato Growing, and at Blackbird he gave an address on Strawberries. The soil of that section of the country is well adapted to strawberry culture, and I believe there is a great future for this industry around Blackbird, if the farmers there will grow strawberries in sufficient quantities to ship in carload lots. Many of those at the meeting announced their intention to make a start in strawberries this year.

Mr. A. M. Pollard who has been instrumental in developing a world's champion hen, gave very comprehensive talks on Poultry Feeds, and the Trap-nesting of Breeding Stock.

Mr. Thomas M. Knight, editor of the Practical Farmer, of Philadelphia, gave a very clear discussion of Fertilizers and Economical Fertilization. As it is impossible to secure potash, this was a subject which was listened to with the keenest attention. The speaker claimed that one or even two percent of potash at the present price would not be profitable, and urged the use of a little more ammonia and phosphoric acid. Mr. Knight also advised the choice of fertilizer by analysis rather than to buy by brand, name or simply because it was cheaper than some other mixture.

Prof. C. A. Short, whose talk on Rural Sanitation created considerable discussion, pointed out how the health of those living in the country may be improved by proper means of ventilation and more care respecting the source of the drinking water. He gave instances where pig pens and closets had been drawn up close to the house for the sake of convenience, in utter disregard to their proximity to the well.

Mr. Hugh Ferguson, who has been organizing cow-testing associations in this county, gave some very valuable talks on balanced rations which any farmer can mix for his cows. He gave instances

of increases of ten and more pounds of butter per week as a result of feeding a balanced ration but a short time.

Mr. W. F. McSparran of Furness, Pa., discussed Pastures in Connection with Hog Raising. The present price of grain makes hog raising without pasture, unprofitable. With a succession of succulent pasture crops, the balance can readily be made to go on the right side of the ledger.

DECEASED:
ESTATE OF RICHARD BOULDEN
Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of Richard Boulden, late of White Clay Creek Hundred, deceased, were duly granted unto Samuel M. Donnell, on the 18th day of November, A. D. 1915 and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to make payment to the Executor without delay, and all persons having demands against the deceased are required to exhibit and present the same duly probated to the said Executor on or before the 18th day of November, A. D. 1916, or abide by the law in this behalf.

CHARLES B. EVANS, Attorney-at-Law,
Wilmington, Del.
SAMUEL M. DONNELL, Executor.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
PERSONAL PROPERTY, STOCK
AND FARM IMPLEMENTS
FEBRUARY 10, 1916
AT 10 O'CLOCK
B. S. JORDAN
On the road from Glasgow to Summit Bridge
Englee Racine, Auctioneer

FOR SALE—Fine Barred Rock
cockers. A. L. LEWIS,
Academy St.
Newark, Del.
1.5-16.2t

FOR SALE OR RENT—Frame
house of Mrs. Nora Beltz, north
side of Delaware avenue west of
Academy St. Seven rooms; sewer
connection. Possession, March
25th. Apply to
HARLOW H. CURTIS,
Trustee
1.5-tf

Valuable Farm For Sale
160 acres 2 1-2 miles from New-
ark with splendid house 10 rooms
and bath. Hot and cold water.
Large outbuildings all in splendid
condition. Land in high state of
cultivation. 80 bushels of corn
per acre this year.

Wanted
Farm of 75 to 100 acres near
Kembsville. Address
E. H. BECK
Middletown, Del.

Want Advertisements

For Sale, For Rent, Lost and Found

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE
FARMS
237-165-156-150-118-101-50-48 20-15 acres,
good ones.
NEWARK TRUST & SAFE DEPOSIT
COMPANY—Real Estate Department
FOR SALE—Several farms in
New Castle county, Delaware;
Cecil county, Maryland; and Ches-
ter County, Pennsylvania. Apply
REAL ESTATE DEPT.
FARMERS' TRUST CO.
2-3.tf Newark

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—8 seven-week-old
pigs. Apply
The Crossways,
Newark, Del.
Phone 181R-2

FOR SALE—1 brood mare and
colt; 2 brood sows; 1 Jersey
heifer, coming 2 years old.
Sold for want of use as I
haven't room for them.
WILLIAM CARPENTER
Newark, near Harmony
1.5-3t

WANTED—A young lady to as-
sist in a store as saleslady. Light
work. Apply at Newark Post be-
fore Monday, Jan. 17th.

WANTED—Reliable and cap-
able white woman to do cooking
and some general house-work.
\$6.00 per week.
J. EDGAR RHOADS,
2211 Shallcross Ave.,
Wilmington, Del.
1.14-1t

FOR RENT—6-room cottage;
West End; all conveniences; im-
mediate possession.
MRS. RUTH N. RHODES,
119.1t.pd

FOR RENT—Modern cottage
in Park Place; lot 100 ft by 349
ft; large garage; chicken house,
bath; fruit.

FOR SALE—Two lots on Park
Place, each 50 ft. front, facing
park of Red Men's Home. Apply
MRS. E. C. JOHNSON,
Phone 181R2

DR. S. TAYLOR YOUNG
Veterinary Physician and
Surgeon
Newark Delaware
D. & A. Phone 174



GET THE SAVING HABIT

New Year's has gone—but it is never too late for a Saving Resolution. Our Bank opens Savings Accounts any date of the year. In fact, our Bank is a Savings Bank. It started the idea.

A Dollar starts the account and is surprising how it grows. Depositors say it is easy once you get the habit. An investment of One Dollar plus the bit gives you a Bank Account—and Bank Accounts do give a man a standing in the Community. Sometimes it saves the day on a business deal; sometimes it even starts a business. It gives confidence to oneself.

Try it out. Yes, we pay per cent on all Savings Accounts and Certificates of Deposit.

Hours: 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Wednesday evenings: 7 to 9 p. m.

NEWARK TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY

Interest at the rate of 4 per cent is paid on all Savings Accounts and Certificates of Deposit.
Two per cent paid on all Deposits subject to check without notice.

Miss L. ville, Pa., of the M. Miss M. mercial to sent last ness of h. Miss R. town, has teacher in ark Public

SO Mrs. Cha. tained at t. teas, last Dean Robi. Presided at forty guests

Mr. and Mrs. L. on Tuesday of friends. guests made

Mrs. Char. picture mou. home last. About six h. mounted for lating picture. He schools of

New Cent

The meetin. tury Club las. ly literary. amusing and Mrs. E. W. program for Mrs. Dawson. cordance with program com. "all America. had for its s. as they flour. The paper w. one in that. writer's ow. experiences. attempt to count of the. cance of Am. but took up such as we m. cope with th. life. In spi. ment of se. Mrs. Dawson. deeply rooted. We may have things which. to our knowl. laws, but the. continues. "may ask, 'De. ies?' and we. believe," it is

There are Mrs. Dawson. trol and regu. intellectual b. gives assent. is ours throu. comment or bo. dom analyze. lief though it. ed or tabu. everyone of u

Mrs. Waw. subject of su. three followi. 1 Occurren. lucky.

2 Lucky an. 3 Spiritual. She analyze. humorously i. of these clas.

In conclusi. erted that m. earn there i. stition in mo. She asked the. support her i. frank confess. superstition.

"Honor brigh. Really truly c. Cross your he. lie

Haven't you. tion?

Following. an interesting. cussion in wh. the ladies too. lating some o. ences with. tion.

Among all. rences that w. afternoon it. there was no. ing for any b.

The meetin. ano. closed by. aware."

W. C. T. The local v. this Friday. E. K. Butler. begin at two

PERSONALS

Miss Louisa R. Swayne of Fairville, Pa., was the week-end guest of the Misses Wilson.

Miss Mary C. Anderson, commercial teacher, Newark, was absent last week, owing to the illness of her mother.

Miss Rosa Pepper of Georgetown, has resumed her duties as teacher in the Third Grade, Newark Public School.

SOCIAL NOTES

Mrs. Charles L. Penny entertained at the second of a series of teas, last Saturday afternoon. Dean Robinson and Mrs. Pilling presided at the tea table. About forty guests were present.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Wilson entertained a party of friends last Thursday evening. Five Hundred was the order of the evening. About twenty guests were present.

Mrs. Laura Paxson was hostess on Tuesday evening to a number of friends, about twenty-four guests made up the party.

Mrs. Charles H. Blake gave a picture mounting party at her home last Saturday afternoon. About six hundred pictures were mounted for the proposed circulating picture library for the public schools of the State.

New Century Club News

The meeting of the New Century Club last Monday was a purely literary one. A charmingly amusing and interesting paper by Mrs. E. W. Dawson occupied the program for the whole afternoon. Mrs. Dawson's paper was in accordance with the plans of the program committee to have an "all America" made program, and had for its subject "Superstitions as they flourish in American soil." The paper was a purely original one in that it presented only the writer's own observations and experiences. Mrs. Dawson did not attempt to give a technical account of the origin and significance of American superstitions, but took up these superstitions such as we meet them and have to cope with them in our everyday life. In spite of the advancement of science, superstitions, Mrs. Dawson asserted, are still deeply rooted in human nature. We may have ceased to believe in things which are in contradiction to our knowledge of the natural laws, but the habit of mind still continues. "Peter Pan," she said, "may ask, 'Do you believe in fairies?' and we answer, 'We want to believe,' it is so much easier."

There are two powers of belief Mrs. Dawson stated, which control and regulate action: the intellectual belief to which reason gives assent, and that other which is ours through heredity, environment or both but which we seldom analyze. It is that latter belief though it cannot be formulated or tabulated which makes everyone of us what we are.

Mrs. Wawson considered the subject of superstitions under the three following headings:

1 Occurrences, lucky and unlucky.

2 Lucky and unlucky articles.

3 Spiritual phenomena.

She analyzed and widely and humorously illustrated each one of these classifications. In conclusion Mrs. Dawson asserted that much that we may scorn there is a grain of superstition in most every one of us. She asked the members present to support her in that assertion by a frank confession of their favorite superstition.

"Honor bright, sure and tight, Really truly cut me in twain Cross your heart and never tell a lie

Haven't you a favorite superstition?

Following the paper there was an interesting and pleasant discussion in which a great many of the ladies took part, each one relating some of her unique experiences with some one superstition.

Among all the wonderful occurrences that were spoken of that afternoon it happened also that there was no demand at that meeting for any business discussion.

The meeting opened with a piano solo by Mrs. Bentley and closed with the song of "Our Delaware."

Esther Taubenhauas,
Press Correspondent

W. C. T. U. Meeting

The local W. C. T. U. will meet this Friday afternoon with Mrs. E. K. Butler. The meeting will begin at two o'clock.

Appleton Social Hour Club

The weekly meeting of the Appleton Social Hour Club took place on Friday evening, January 14th, in Appleton Hall.

The meeting was called to order by the president and opened with singing "The Dearest Spot on Earth to Me," followed by the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting. Professor E. Laurence Smith, Dean of Delaware College, gave an illustrated lecture on "Germany," after which the audience joined in singing "The Watch on the Rhine." The Journal read by Mr. Wm. T. Lofland consisted of jokes and poetry composed by local talent. Recitation by Oliver Koelg, "But He Backed Out." Closing song, "Maryland, My Maryland."

Women's College Notes

On Tuesday, Jan. 11, Miss Mary E. Rich, professor of education at the Women's College, talked before the Middletown New Century Club on "The Value of the Circulating Library." At Talleyville on Jan. 13, Professor Rich addressed the Farmers' Institute. Her subject was "Present Day Truths in Education." On Friday, Jan. 14, she spoke at Bear Station on the question, "Why Have a Parent-Teachers' Association?"

Miss Elizabeth Jefferson, extension worker in home economics at the Women's College, has spent the past week at Lincoln City, working with the older girls in the public school. She introduced elementary work in cookery and sewing, which was enthusiastically received. Every morning, at the lunch hour, the girls had prepared some hot dish which they served to the rest of the school. Mrs. Gray, the teacher of the school, said emphatically that this hot food at the lunch hour stimulated the boys and girls to do better and more attentive work through the rest of the session.

The special work closed on Thursday night with a program, prepared under the joint direction of Mrs. Gray and Miss Jefferson, in which the children of the school were the chief participants.

English Course In

The Summer School

Mr. E. N. Vallandigham has been secured to give a course in the Art of Writing English, in the Summer School of Delaware College beginning June 26, 1916. Mr. Vallandigham is well known to the people of this State as a scholar of eminence and a writer of force. Mr. Vallandigham is a graduate of Delaware College and taught English in this institution from 1896 to 1902. His home at present is in Boston, where he is engaged in literary and journalistic work. He is a frequent contributor to the leading periodicals in America on social, historical, and educational themes. His presence in the Summer School will add distinct charm, and the course which he will give in the Art of Writing, will prove of great value to the teachers in attendance.

Court Settles Cecil Election Contest

Chief Judge Constable and Associate Judges Adkins and Hopper at a special session of the Cecil Circuit Court held at Elkton on Friday and Saturday began and completed the count of the disputed ballots in the Cameron-Johnson contest for County Commissioner. Johnson (Rep.) had been returned elected by a majority of four votes. Cameron contested, and the Court's count showed Cameron elected by seventeen votes. Johnson had qualified in December and the Republicans having two of the three members organized the Board and made some appointments. The Democrats now have the majority and will reorganize the Board.

WEDDING GIFTS

No matter how trivial the article may be, if quality is apparent, the spirit of the giver is more vividly impressed, and the remembrance is sure to prove lasting and will be more appreciated.

We invite you to see the dainty silver sets, table cutlery, and single pieces, bought expressly to supply your requirements as wedding presents; and offered at prices infinitely less than you can possibly procure similar goods—even of inferior quality—elsewhere. Our location being on the second floor we have small expense, and we give our patrons the benefit. Watch and jewelry repairing—all work guaranteed.

JOSEPH KERN JEWELRY 719 Market Street

PARLOR SECOND FLOOR

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Class Pins and Rings to Order

Store Opens at 8.30; Closes at 5.30 o'clock. Closes Saturdays at 9.30 and the Famous Pink Stamps Given

Comfort is Assured if You Buy Your Shoes Here--Read This Special List Carefully

Specials in Shoe Department

Women's Nu-Buck button Shoes, \$4.00 values, broken sizes	\$2.95
Women's black Suede button Shoes, \$4.50 values	\$2.95
Women's Coltskin button Shoes, \$4.50 values	\$2.95
Women's welted sole Patent Colt Shoes, \$4.00 values	\$2.95
Children's red jersey Leggings, \$1.25 to \$1.75 values	50c
Women's low front tan, Goodyear Glove Rubbers, size 1 to 3 1/4, 20c; sizes 4 to 7	35c

LIPPINCOTT & CO., Inc.

306 to 314 Market St.

Wilmington, Del.

ROSEN'S

705 Market Street

WILMINGTON

DELAWARE

Positively the Last Opportunity to Take Advantage of This Great Sale

Remaining Winter Suits, Coats, Dresses, Skirts, and Blouse for Women and Misses without reserve will be closed out at 1-3 and 1-2 off of the original price

Kennard & Co.
Reduction Sale of
Garments and Furs

Now is a good time to invest in a Suit, Coat, Dress, Fur Coat, Muff or Scarf. For the first time the weather is just right.

High-grade Suits at \$12.00, \$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00, \$22.50, that have been \$15.00 to \$35.00.

Top Coats, \$12.00 each, from \$18.00.

Large assortment of handsome Top Coats, \$15.00 to \$25.00, each, that have been \$20.00 to \$40.00 each.

Staple styles in Dresses at \$10.00 from \$15.00, \$12.00 from \$18.00, \$15.00 from \$20.00, \$18.00 from \$25.00, \$25.00 from \$40.00.

In the Fur section we are showing the most wonderful values in Coats, Muffs and Scarfs, the largest variety we have ever shown and reductions the most pronounced. Every desirable Fur is represented.

Balance of Children's winter Coats at new prices.

A table full of this season's Waists at reduced prices.

Sale of Bedding

Sudden changes of temperature suggest additional bed covering. Our bedding department gives wonderful opportunity for money saving.

Full size white wool Blankets, \$5.00 pair.

Lot of white wool Blankets, slightly mused from showing; full, size, \$4.00 pair, worth regularly \$6.00 pair.

Lamb's wool and down filled Comfortables reduced as follows:

\$ 7.50 from \$10.00
\$ 9.00 from \$12.50
\$12.00 from \$15.00
\$14.00 from \$18.00
\$15.00 from \$20.00

25 full size satin finish Spreads, \$3.00 each from \$3.50.

Special Mention

Keep in mind the completeness of our assortments of Silks for street and evening wear; Dress Goods, Chiffon Cloth, Georgette Crepe, Laces, Trimmings and Embroideries. All the newest ideas.

We solicit charge accounts from those of established credit, and deliver purchases free within a reasonable distance.

621-623 Market Street

Wilmington, Delaware

Owing to a relapse I was unable to be in Newark last Monday, but expect to be in my office 301 Main Street on Monday, January 31, 1916.

WILLIAM G. WALTON
REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST

4444 Germantown Avenue, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

At Mrs. Carlisle's, 301 Main Street, Newark, Del., Every Monday From 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

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Whether it is for complete plumbing work for a new house or a small repair job, any service we perform large or small receives the same careful attention and skillful handling. We have the experience, the knowledge and the facilities to do any job right, at the right figures. Get our estimates.

W. D. DEAN NEWARK, DEL.

TO HELP THE WAR SUFFERERS

All-Buy-a-Yard-Day In Wilmington

Those who have it in their hearts to feel for the Belgian and French sufferers from the horrors of the European War, the kind of sympathy which expresses itself in giving, will have an opportunity to open their purses on Saturday, January 22, when the Wilmington merchants will observe an All-Buy-a-Yard-Day.

The All-Buy-a-Yard-Day sale has been devised as a means of carrying on the work of the Commission for Relief in Belgium, a nation-wide organization with headquarters at 71 Broadway, New York. Hon. David T. Marvel, former judge of the Supreme Court of Delaware, is the commission's local representative.

The sale plan is such a novel one that it needs a word of explanation. The commission wants goods, clothing, shoes, clothing material, etc., to send to those who receive its relief or money wherewith to buy them. To obtain it they have enlisted the aid of the merchants, who have been asked to take all the stock they can provide, reduce it to its absolutely lowest selling price, ticket it as Buy-a-Yard-Day stock and offer it on a given date for sale. The public is asked to buy this line of goods generously and send the purchases to the commission's representative, Judge Marvel, or to the commission's New York headquarters.

The sale thus provides a way for merchants to rid themselves of old and normally slow-selling or unsaleable stock at a saving of its cost or thereabouts, the public pays its charitable debts cheaply and the commission gets what it greatly needs.

The commission wishes to underscore these needs in the public mind. It is giving relief to 2,250,000 sufferers in Belgium and 1,750,000 in that part of Northern France held by the German armies. It is operating no less than 55 ships, constantly carrying cargoes to Europe, an average of four sailings being made weekly. The ships are immune from all war hazards save mines at sea. One vessel recently went to the bottom through this cause.

Those who help the cause along—and they are expected to reach \$35,000 or more in results, may buy as much as they desire, either individually, in pairs, or clubs.

Reducing Typhoid In Rural Communities

Reduction in typhoid fever and improvement in sanitary conditions have followed the intensive investigations of rural communities carried on by the United States Public Health Service in co-operation with local and State health officers, according to the annual report of the Surgeon General of that Service. During the past fiscal year 16,369 rural homes in eight different states were visited and many of them re-visited. In each of these homes information was obtained as to the prevalence of disease and insanitary conditions and a complete sanitary survey of the premises conducted. This was followed by inspections to determine if remedial measures had been instituted. In but a relatively small percentage of the cases did the persons concerned, after having their attention drawn to the danger of a particular unhygienic condition, fail to inaugurate corrective measures. Stimulus was given to the work by means of public lectures, the formation of active sanitary organizations, and the enlisting of all public spirited citizens in the campaign for reform. Public buildings were also inspected and local authorities given expert advice in solving such sanitary problems as the disposal of excreta, the prevention of soil pollution, and the maintenance of pure water supplies.

The surveys made during the year 1914 had shown that in rural communities less than one percent of the homes had sanitary toilets and that more than fifty percent of the people were using water from polluted sources. This condition, according to the Public Health Service, made the rural sanitation question loom large among the matters vitally affecting the welfare of the nation. Following these studies and as a result of the interest aroused, the typhoid fever rate, an excellent indicator of the sanitary status of a community, has in some places frequently been cut to one quarter of its previous figure. In Berkeley County, West Virginia, the cases of typhoid fever were reduced from 240 to 40 in one year. In Orange County, North Carolina,

the rural sanitation campaign resulted in a reduction of the cases from 59 to 17.

The tangible results of operations in rural sanitations indicate that marked advancement in maintaining hygienic and satisfactory surroundings in country districts is possible by the application of the common principles of preventive medicine. Insanitary conditions exist largely because they are not known to be such. Actual demonstrations of their harmfulness, dations for their correction, remain one of the most gratifying and successful methods for instituting reforms and has been, in the experience of the Public Health Service, invariably accompanied by definite and measureable results.

Importance Of Delaware And Chesapeake Canal In Plan Of Defense

Mr. Charles F. Dole of Boston, well-known writer on civic subjects, lectured in the college oratory last evening, on "The United States A World Power."

"We face the biggest issue since the Civil War. We desire the United States to act the part of a World Power. But what kind of a Power? What kind of influence shall we exercise? What policy shall we follow? These questions go to the roots of our philosophy, our religion, our democracy, our ideals of progress and civilization."

"Let us frankly take the point of view of religion in the broadest sense. Let us assume that our world is passing through a process of evolution, not however, merely materially, but spiritually also. Let us have faith that we are working our way to a civilization whose advance is measured in terms of welfare, friendly co-operation and humanity. There is really no other way of thinking that makes sense if the universe urges respect for human life, or awes enthusiasm to young and old."

Two opposite lines of conduct now open before us as a nation. What is called "Preparedness" is only a new name for the old world idea of imperialism. Do not suppose that Roman, or German, or Russian imperialism is a dangerous of evil thing and American imperialism is beneficent.

The English and the American variety is better dressed and is more plausible, but all kinds alike represent an oligarchy of special privilege of interests, not the people in command of the government. They are all meddlesome with the affairs of smaller or backward people; they are all associated with militarism; they rest back upon the doctrine of force, not good will or public opinion, as the basis of government and human society.

We strike here upon the strange and awful fact of war. Like polygamy and slavery it is doubtless one of the survivals of man's savagery. It holds over simply because we give it a certain social respectability. Among the tremendous counts against it the most fatal of all is its characteristic inhumanity. It arouses all of the animal side of us, our passions, our vindictiveness, our contempt and hate. It travels with fear, suspicion, jealousy, and arrogance. It compels men to lie, to rob, to destroy, and kill; in short to stoop from manhood and act worse than beasts. Whereas our religion, our democracy, bid us treat every man with respect. We look for the best in men, to show our good will at all times toward them and never our ill will. So far as this idea of manhood comes to birth in us war becomes not only impossible but needless. We can always do better than to fight; we can use a higher courage; we can overcome evil with good. No other course ever works as this does, whenever we try it in practice.

Let us put this test of our humanity to the Imperialistic scheme now offered us with a new and gigantic bill of costs, altering it maybe for generations, the direction and the character of our government.

Mr. Dole here cited various illustrations to show that the Imperialistic policy, so far as it has been at all discussed, e. g. with reference to the Monroe Doctrine the "Open Door" in the East, the unequal treatment of Orientals, etc., is not really for the welfare or happiness of the people of the United States, but rather for a few great commercial interests, and for the governmental and military class and their friends. He contended that it involves a false,

selfish and hysterical idea of patriotism.

The speaker then set forth the positive and constructive policy of a great civilizing nation in whose advancement every other people should share. "We should spend the money," the speaker continued "no longer needed to prepare for war and so to provoke it, for the highest welfare, and especially for the education of all the people. We should treat the immigrant peoples who come to us with proper respect; we should remember the millions of backward peoples in all our territory and put an end to the ignorance, the lynchings, and the hopeless housing conditions. We should found schools and colleges in the countries which have been ravaged by wars and revolutions. These things and more we could easily do, as soon as we are relieved of the stupid old fallacies about international rivalries and enmities. We can do this. We must do it. The time is ripe when we think."

IMPORTANCE OF DELAWARE

Cresapeake Canal In Plan Of Defense

A report has been sent to the U. S. Senate by Brigadier General M. M. Macomb, chief of the War College in which Secretary of War Garrison and General Tasker H. Bliss, concurred, setting forth the military advantages of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal. The report points out that Lewes, Delaware, now undefended, is a weak spot, which the attacking fleet in the war maneuvers easily passed, on the route to Philadelphia.

General Macomb's report said in part: "It is believed that the canal has some value as it exists today as an obstacle to the advance of a hostile expedition landing on the west bank of Delaware Bay and

advancing against Wilmington and Philadelphia. The fine defended harbor at Lewes, makes such a landing a probability. The canal, especially at the locks, is so narrow, only twenty-four feet at the locks, as to form an obstacle not very formidable.

"The canal is too small for the passage of submarines or other naval craft that would be used for preventing the landing of troops from hostile transports and too small and obstructed by locks for rapid transport of troops and material from one bay to the other."

"A canal such as proposed would allow the whole force of submarines, etc., to be held in one of the two bays and with equal efficiency in either. Without the canal the force of submarines, etc., must be divided between the two bays, and to reinforce by the outside, a distance of more than 200 miles, as against about 15 miles by the canal."

"A canal along this line and one from Delaware Bay to New York harbor would make a landing of between Narragansett Bay and

Chesapeake Bay, and the construction of this canal is an important step toward the accomplishment of this result.

"As an obstacle and a part of the land defense of Wilmington and Philadelphia a canal suited

for commercial and naval purposes would be of great importance. Defended by a few troops and small gunboats, such an obstacle would hardly be crossed, and it is not believed that it would be attempted."

Safety First

Use PAXSON'S SANITARY SWEEPING COMPOUND while sweeping. It catches the GERMS as well as the DUST. If your jobber or dealer does not have PAXSON'S COMPOUND, then write us and we will see that you are supplied.

MANUFACTURED BY

Paxson Manufacturing Co.

219 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Packed in barrels, 1/2 bbls. and tubs for use in stores, factories, theatres, hotels, churches, schools, etc. and in 5c, 10c and 25c packages, for household use. It cleans floors and brightens carpets, leaving the room in a pure sanitary condition from the use of the disinfectant and deodorizer that it contains. Ask your grocer for a package on the free trial proposition. INSIST on having PAXSON'S SANITARY SWEEPING COMPOUND. ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTES. OUR NAME is on all BARRELS and PACKAGES.

For Sale

Newark Opera House Building and Furnishings, Together with the Motion Picture Business, corner store room unoccupied, size 19 x 45 ft. which can be leased anytime to a desirable party, but with thought purchaser might need it lease not consumated.

Apply to Newark Opera House Co. Newark, Delaware

.. WILSON .. FUNERAL DIRECTOR

PROMPT AND PERSONAL ATTENTION

TENT AT CEMETERY

APPOINTMENTS THE BEST

Picture Framing Upholstering and Repairing

A Trip to Wilmington is not Complete Without a Visit to the

GARRICK THEATRE

Wilmington's Handsomest Playhouse

HIGH-CLASS VAUDEVILLE

Twice Daily: Afternoons at 2:15 Evenings at 8:15

Prices: 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 70c, 80c, 90c, \$1.00

Private Parties Arranged For

The First Requirement PURITY AND CLEANLINESS

Our home-made Candies conform to all these rules. A fresh assortment daily. Also a fine line of

Chocolates and Bonbons Glace Fruits and Nuts

Hot Drinks and Sandwiches Egg Drinks and Milk Ice Cream and Ice Cream Sodas the year round.

A Full Line of Sunshine Biscuit and Cakes

MANUEL PANARETOS NEWARK KANDY KITCHEN NEWARK DELAWARE

Away Ahead

Come look us over, compare qualities and prices and you will understand why we are doing such an increasing trade.

Business Suits, \$6. \$8 and \$9
Dress-up Suits, \$11.25 to \$22.50
Prince Alberts, \$20 to \$35
Full Dress, \$15 to \$40
Tuxedo Suits, \$15 to \$35
Corduroy Suits, \$10 and \$12
Corduroy Trousers, \$2 to \$4
Heavy Kerseys, \$2 and \$2.50
Heavy Overcoats, \$4.50 to \$15
Dress Overcoats, \$7.50 to \$30
Fur Lined, \$25 to \$90
Chauffeur's Overcoats, \$15 to \$25

Everything else in Clothing, Hats, Shoes and Furnishings. Special Sale on Hats, \$3.50 Shoes, Manhattan Shirts and Underwear.

Mullin's Big Home Store Wilmington

NEWARK'S LEADING Meat Market CHARLES P. STEELE

DEALER IN

Fresh and Salt Meats

Home Dressed Meats a Specialty

Main Street Opposite College

Call or Phone Your Order D. & A. 44

MEMBER
Major—J. H. H.
Eastern District—J. H. H.
Middle District—J. H. H.
Western District—J. H. H.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. H. H.
Meeting of Council every month

New
From points South
From points North
From Kembleville
From Avondale and
From Cooch's Bridge
From points North
From points North
From Kembleville
From Avondale and
From Cooch's Bridge
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BOARD
President—D. C. B.
Vice-President—J. H. H.
Treasurer—Edward
Secretary—W. H. H.
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Industrial
G. M. Kolloek
W. Griffin
A. Short
W. McNeal
Statistics
M. Motherall
T. Wilson
L. K

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DIRECTORY

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL
Mayor—J. H. Hossinger
Eastern District—Joseph Lutton, Jonathan Johnson
Middle District—G. Fader, W. H. Barton
Western District—E. C. Wilson, E. B. Vreier
Secretary and Treasurer—S. B. Herdman
Meeting of Council—1st Monday night of every month

Newark Postoffice
MAILS DUE
From points South and Southwest

8.00 a. m.
8.45 a. m.
10.30 a. m.
3.15 p. m.

From points North and Northwest
8.00 a. m.
8.45 a. m.
12.00 m.
5.30 p. m.

From Kumblesville and Strickerville
8.00 a. m.
4.15 a. m.

From Avondale and Landenburg
11.45 a. m.
6.30 p. m.

From Cooch's Bridge
9.00 a. m.
5.30 p. m.

MAILS CLOSE
From points South and West
7.45 a. m.
10.45 a. m.
4.15 p. m.
7.45 p. m.

From points North and East
9.00 a. m.
9.30 a. m.
2.00 p. m.
4.15 p. m.
7.45 p. m.

From Kumblesville and Strickerville
9.30 a. m.
5.00 p. m.

From Avondale and Landenburg
12.00 m.

From Cooch's Bridge
4.15 p. m.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY
Closes
8.0 a. m.
3.00 p. m.

BOARD OF TRADE
President—D. C. Rose
Vice-President—Jacob Thomas
Secretary—Edward W. Cooch
Treasurer—W. H. Taylor

COMMITTEES
Industrial
J. O. M. Kollock
W. Griffin
A. Short
E. W. McNeal
M. Motherall
T. Wilson
L. K. Bowen

Financial
Jacob Thomas
E. L. Richards
T. P. Armstrong
E. W. Cooch
Educational
Dr. Walt Steel
G. A. Harter

BOARD OF EDUCATION
President—Joel S. Gillman
Secretary and Treasurer—Robert Gallaher, C. A. McOne, Harvey Hoeffcker, Edward L. Richards

NEWARK TOWN LIBRARY
The Library will be opened:
Monday 9 to 5.45 p. m.
Tuesday 9 to 12 m.
Friday 3 to 5.45 p. m.
Saturday 9 to 12 m.

BANKS
FARMERS' TRUST Co. Meeting of Directors every Tuesday morning
NEWARK TRUST Co. Meeting of Directors every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION
Secretary—W. H. Taylor
Meeting first Tuesday night of each month

LODGE MEETINGS
OPERA HOUSE
Monday—Knights of Pythias, or K. of P., 7.30 p. m.
Tuesday—Improved Order of Red Men, 7.30 p. m.
Wednesday—Heptasophs, or S. W. M., 7.30 p. m.
Thursday—Ladies' Circle, S. W. M., 7.30 p. m.
Friday—Modern Woodmen of America, No. 10170, 7.30 p. m.

ODD FELLOWS' HALL
Monday—Jr. Order American Mechanics, 7.30 p. m.
Wednesday—1st and 3rd of every month, White Clay Camp, No. 5, Woodmen of the World
Thursday—I. O. O. F., 7.30 p. m.
Saturday—Knights of Golden Eagle, 7.30 p. m.

FIRE ALARMS
In case of fire call the following numbers in succession:
27 D
99 A
33 U
172
31 D
By order of
Fire Chief WILSON

Municipal
E. M. Thompson
J. H. Hossinger
Joseph Dean
Legislature
J. P. Armstrong
H. B. Wright
Membership
P. M. Sherwood
John Pilling
Wm. H. Taylor

BOARD OF EDUCATION
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In case of fire call the following numbers in succession:
27 D
99 A
33 U
172
31 D
By order of
Fire Chief WILSON

say. It can scarcely be that the American farmer has not as much intelligence as the farmer of other nations. It is true that the American farmer does not produce as much per acre as the farmer in a number of civilized nations, but production per acre is not the American standard. The standard is the amount of produce for each person engaged in agriculture, and by this test the American farmer appears to be from two to six times as efficient as most of his competitors. Relatively speaking, extensive farming is still economically the sound program in our agriculture, but now it is becoming increasingly apparent that the aim must be, while maintaining supremacy in production for each person, to establish supremacy in production for each acre.

To do this, the acres that now are not producing must be cleared and drained and made fertile.

This preparation must be done in such a manner as to insure the largest possible return of profit on the investment. One of the chief factors in this matter is time.

It is here that dynamite offers an economic advantage superior to that of any improvement introduced since the reaper took the place of the sickle.

With the addition of now useless acres—a doubling of the productive area—there will be added to our farms a tillable surface sufficient to justify a much wider use of improved machinery and to make possible the elimination of many inconveniences and hardships which today stand in the way of economic progress and comfort on the farm.

In this country today are nearly 7,000,000 farms. The total area of these is close to 1,000,000,000 acres. Yet, 57 per cent of this acreage is idle because untilled.

This means that the farm needs of the nation—and the farmers' needs—must be taken care of by less than half the available source of production.

It means we must produce more efficiently.

With the advent of the tractor, the labor problem has been partly solved.

New State Revenue Collector

Collector of State Revenue Isaac W. Bowers having resigned to become Secretary of the Wilmington Board of Health, vice J. Austin Ellison, resigned to become manager for the Wilmington Abattoir Company, John Titus, a clerk in the office of Clerk of the Peace Harry A. Brown, was on Saturday appointed as Mr. Bowers' successor by Governor Miller. Mr. Titus now lives at Hillcrest. He was formerly a special deputy under Collectors of Customs Houston, Clark and Raymond. His new post which he will assume on February 1 pays \$1200 a year with traveling allowances. His duty is to see that no persons do business in the State without securing the required license.

Fatally Hurt In Auto Upset

The second fatal auto accident in Cecil county occurred on Thursday evening on the Elkton-Perryville road, a mile west of North East. The victim was Frederick S. Vincent, a real estate dealer of Washington, D. C., aged about 35 years. He and a colored chauffeur, Logan Newman, were returning in a five passenger Dodge car, owned by Vincent's mother, from Princeton, N. J. He passed through Wilmington and Newark and reached Elkton about 4 p. m., getting a supply of oil and gasoline at the Boulden garage. About 5.20 o'clock Dr. McKnight, of North East, reached Union Hospital in an automobile conveying Vincent and the chauffeur. The former was in a dying condition with six ribs on one side and three on the other broken and with scars on his face and other parts of his body as well as a broken leg and ankle. He died as he was taken into the hospital. The chauffeur, who was stunned and cut about the face with broken glass, revived and said another car had collided with theirs and left without stopping. Efforts were made to trace the car supposed to be more or less damaged, as Vincent's car was badly wrecked, but without result. At the inquest held on Friday night Newman was able to testify and stated that the car had skidded to one side of the road and then to the other, turned over and then righted, after sliding for several feet along the road. Vincent was caught under the footboard which was bent upward, and the weight of the car crushed his ribs. He died from shock and internal hemorrhage. Newman, who was dazed when he revived, confused

the car of Robert Ferguson, who found him and Vincent after the accident, with the supposed colliding car.

Judge Gray Speaks For Preparedness

Former Judge George Gray of Wilmington, Del., delivered a powerful plea for military preparedness to uphold the new doctrine of Pan-Americanism, at a banquet given by Secretary of State Lansing and members of the United States delegation to the foreign delegates to the Pan-American Congress.

Judge Gray said significantly that the time may come when the President of the United States "can offer as the spokesman of all America a suggestion that may find lodgment in the mind and heart of the peoples of the world."

"There is nothing inconsistent with our character as a peace loving nation," he added, "in so strengthening ourselves that we will be listened to with respect when we speak. At the right moment the word shall attract the attention it deserves."

After deploring war, Judge Gray continued:

"I venture to say that it is our duty so to strengthen our sea power, south as well as north, that we may protest the commerce that traverses the high seas and the ocean paths that are open to all neutral nations and that we of the United States must so strengthen our army that it may serve as the nucleus upon which the citizen soldiery of the States may be built into an efficient army of defense. These, I believe, are the sentiments which are felt in the heart of American people as they hold up the olive branch of peace to the nations of the world."

ATHLETIC COUNCIL TO GIVE BANQUET

Large Party To Be Entertained at Hotel duPont

The banquet tendered the various athletic teams at Delaware College by the D. C. Athletic Council will be held at the Hotel duPont on Tuesday evening, February first.

There will be a theatre party following the dinner. The banquet will be a larger affair this year than it has ever been before, owing to the fact that not only the football men, but those who won their "D" in baseball, basketball and track, with managers of the various teams will be invited. The football captain for 1916 will be elected at the banquet.

Those who are eligible to attend the banquet are:

Professor Charles A. McGue, president, Dean E. Laurence Smith, vice-president, Dr. Walter H. Steel, treasurer, Norris N. Wright, Coach William J. McAvoy, Gerald Paul Doherty, Jr., Leroy B. Steele and Donald P. Horsey, all members of the Athletic Council; John W. Jones, manager of football, J. Wilson O'Daniel, Thomas of basketball; Donald A. Price, manager of baseball, and George O. Smith, manager of track; James A. Crothers, Victor H. Handy, Walter K. Hoch, Warren C. Newton, Harry V. Taylor, Robert Weimer,

Willif C. Wills, John C. Beauchamp, Michael J. Fidance, Harold W. Horsey, W. Virden Marshall, J. Wilson O'Daniel, Thofas R. Wilson, Jr., Howard Bratton, Jr., David L. Crockett, Francis A. Gilman, Allen L. Lauritsen, Charles F. Meyers, J. Allison O'Daniel, Lawrence L. Smart, Chester R. Smith, Earnest S. Wilson, W. H. Wallace, L. C. Stephens, G. Harvey Ferguson, A. G. Lowe, H. W. Marston, H. F. Weldin, S. H. Giles, W. S. G. Siler, A. Bailey Thomas, William S. Fitzpatrick, Robert Reed and T. J. O'Toole.

How To Tell Postage Rates

If you know the zone in which is located the postoffice to which you desire to send a parcel post parcel, you may figure out the postage required by a simple method. If the office is zone one or two (which cover the distance of one hundred and fifty miles) add to the figure or figures representing the weight the numeral 4. If the weight is ten pounds the postage will be 14 cents; if the weight is five pounds the postage will be 9 cents.

Third zone — Multiply the weight by 2 and add 4.


Fourth zone — Multiply the weight by 4 and add 8.
Fifth zone — Multiply the weight by 6 and add 2.
Sixth zone — Multiply the weight by 8 and add 1.
Seventh zone — Multiply the weight by 10 and add 1.
Eighth zone — Multiply the weight by 12.

"Will you give me an illustration of this vague term called 'Pep'?"


"You have seen a mule balk? Yes." "Ever seen the driver put a pine board under his tail?" Well that mule gets some pep in him in short order." New Castle Nerve, Kent Grit and Sussex Sand are the same thing as Pep.

The time when it really counts to be the hero of your college class is, not now, but twenty years from now.—Ex.

In every college the first few weeks of the new year reveal how impossible it is for entrance examinations to determine finally in every case the fitness of young men to be in college. The boy with a weak will has no more business there than the boy with a weak mind.—Ex.



Your Eyes



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NOTICE

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EFFICIENCY ON THE FARM

Efficiency—the quality that produces the best business results or the most effective service.—Standard Dictionary.

In 1890—less than a century ago—each bushel of wheat produced on American farms represented three hours and three minutes of human labor, according to statistics furnished by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Today, better wheat is produced at an average labor expenditure per bushel of less than ten minutes. And though the cost of farm labor has doubled several times in the interval, the labor-cost per bushel of wheat has fallen from 18 cents to less than three cents.

No better picture of efficiency could be painted.

And no one could ask further proof that the farm is a fertile field for the cultivation of this quality which has leaped into the lime-light within the past decade.

The great advances in farm efficiency have been made within twenty-five years.

Naturally, the most notable cause of agricultural progress was the introduction of labor-saving machinery toward the middle of the nineteenth century.

But more recently science has offered the farmer three new aids to efficient management and production.

In the order of their adoption, these are gasoline, concrete and dynamite.

Briefly stated, it may be said that the farmer who makes full use of this trinity of first aids to fortune, and backs up their almost limitless possibilities with fertilizers, seed selection and common sense, is building a business more solid than that of any bank in the nation.

For the cornerstone of the farmer's business is the soil.

Yet, with all that has been done to make farming a possible source of larger profits, and wider service to humanity, the farmer today stands on the threshold of his largest opportunities.

Gasoline, concrete and dynamite—power, strength and force—have as yet been little more than tested out.

They have shown what they can do. Now it is up to the farmer to take advantage of what they offer.

That he needs to do this without delay is well evidenced by

government figures which show a growing decrease in the percentage of farm profits.

While production-costs have been greatly lessened—as shown above—other expenses have advanced everywhere—as much as 1,000 per cent in some localities.

Whereas, in 1910, American farms valued at \$20,000,000,000 produced \$5,000,000,000 worth of products, last year, with a farm valuation which had grown to nearly \$60,000,000,000, the total value of products amounted to only \$10,000,000,000.

So the gross profits in 1900 were 25 per cent on valuation, while in 1914 they had fallen to 16 2-3 per cent.

In other words, a \$10,000 farm investment would have yielded \$2,500 gross profit in 1900 and only \$1,667 last year.

The one sure way to overcome a tendency of this sort is to strike at the twin-roots of production-profit—soil and labor.

The soil must be made to produce more.

Labor must be more economically used.

In the case of the soil, the farmer's advantage rests in three "ages"—clear-age, drain-age, tillage-age.

Quicker and more complete clearance, better drainage, and deeper tillage are vital necessities.

For in this great and fertile country, only 43 per cent of the arable land is under cultivation! More than half of it is going to waste!

And chiefly because of stumps, stones and swamps!

It is here that dynamite steps to the front of the farm stage to play a star part. For the farm whose acres are not producing; the farm which is part stumpland and part stone-land and part swamp, cannot make profitable use of gasoline in tractors until these defects have been remedied. And of what value are barns and silos that rest on cement foundations unless surrounding acres are producing a profitable amount of filling?

In his latest report, the Secretary of Agriculture in President Wilson's cabinet thus refers to this need of making every acre work:

Just what the trouble is no one is as yet sufficiently informed to

AGRICULTURAL COURSE CHANGED

(continued from page 1)

work required for graduation. "The two-year course in Agriculture which has been given for several years to students who were not fitted to enter a college course leading to a degree, will not be given after the present collegiate year. Those students now present in College, enrolled in this work, will of course be allowed to finish their two years of practical Agricultural study, during the collegiate year 1916-17, but no students will be admitted for the two years course in the fall of 1916. To supplant the two years course, special courses in Agriculture, not leading to a degree, may be taken by students who, for various reasons, are unable to pursue the four years' course. In order to become a special student, one must have had at least one year of experience on a farm, present ten of the units required for entrance to the four-years' course and be at least nineteen years of age. Any applicant for special work of this kind must satisfy the faculty of his ability to do the work assigned and must give the assurance of a sincere desire to avail himself of the opportunities offered by this department of the college.

"Special students do not follow a prescribed program or course of study, but are at liberty to elect such studies as they are prepared to take, subject to the approval of the Dean of Agriculture. They will be required to take all examinations and maintain a satisfactory standard of scholarship in order to hold their place in the College."

D. C. Athletic Council Holds Important Session

(continued on page 8)

February 12, Williams and Mary at Williamsburg, Va.
February 14, Richmond College at Richmond.

February 15, Randolph-Macon College at Ashland, Va.
February 23, Drexel Institute at Newark.

February 28, George Washington University at Newark.
March 3, Susquehanna at Newark.
March 4, St. Johns of Annapolis at Annapolis.

There was some discussion over the track schedule for the coming year but Coach McAvoy reported that it was entirely completed.

Delaware will have four dual meets and they will probably be Gettysburg and Drexel here and Muhlenburg and the City College of New York away, but the exact dates have not been fixed. It had been practically agreed with Drexel for the track team of that institution to meet Delaware here on Saturday, May 13th, which will be the day of the annual Inter-Scholastic meet but an effort will be made to arrange another date if possible with Drexel.

It has been the custom for several years to hold the Inter-class field and track meet during Commencement week. Dean E. Laurence Smith, a member of the Council suggested that some other date be fixed for this event. He explained that because of examinations and the fact of the Seniors preparing to leave the meet has been more or less of a farce at Commencement and thought some other time should be arranged for it. Other members of the Council were of the same opinion, so that it is likely that the Interclass meet will be held this year in conjunction with the Inter-Scholastic meet, in case another date can be agreed on with Drexel.

At the suggestion of Coach McAvoy the Council decided to enter Crockett, who holds the local college record for both the low and high hurdles and Marshall, who holds the record for the 220 yard dash and high jump, in the annual indoor meet to be held in the Fifth Regiment Armory, Baltimore, February 12th, under the auspices of Johns Hopkins University. Many colleges from the south and also some from the north will have entries in this meet. In case the Delaware men should place in the events at Baltimore they will also be entered in the indoor meets to be held in Washington, February 19 and March 4, by George Washington University and Georgetown University.

Numerals were awarded the winners of events in the annual Freshman-Sophomore indoor meet as follows: Sophomores, Crockett and A. O'Daniel; Freshmen, Weldin, L. Plam, M. Plam, Fitzpatrick and Marconetti.

The discussion of arrangements for the Inter-Scholastic meet and the baseball schedule were made special order of business for the February meeting.

The annual banquet to be given

by the Council to the "D" men of 1915 will be held at the duPont Hotel, February 1.

Delaware Licks Pill Peddlers

Delaware College basketball team easily defeated the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy here last night by the score of 31 to 8. The visitors were clearly outclassed and the blue and gold should have run up a much higher score but their work was also very poor. Coach McAvoy sent in practically the entire scrub team in the second half and from then until the end there was plenty of action but little scoring by either team. The line-up:

Delaware P. C. of P.
D. Horsey..... f. Hill
Weimer..... f. Costello
Wills..... c. Mangan
E. Wilson..... g. Nelson
Doherty..... g. Greenleaf

Substitutes: Delaware—H. Horsey for D. Horsey; Ferguson for Weimer; Weldin for Wills; T. Wilson for Doherty; P. C. of P.—Foley for Mangan; Mangan for Greenleaf; Greenleaf for Costello; Smith for Nelson. Goals from field—D. Horsey, 2; Weimer; Ferguson; Wills, 4; Weldin, 2; H. Horsey; Smith. Goals from fouls—Wills, 9; Hill, 6. Time of halves, 20 minutes. Referee, Dr. Speer, U. of P.

First Red Cross Nurse Dies

The body of Miss Reba J. Taylor, the first American nurse to answer the call for Red Cross volunteers to go to Europe at the outbreak of the European War, was brought to her old home in Delaware for interment on Monday. Miss Taylor, formerly of Hockessin, won great distinction by her promptness and also by her splendid, faithful work among victims of the battlefield. Her coffin, by authorization of the Red Cross, was draped with the American and Red Cross flags, an honor never before accorded a nurse, it is believed.

Miss Taylor died Saturday at the Homeopathic Hospital, Washington, where, in 1898, she graduated as a nurse. Death was due to illness contracted in England, and was hastened by overwork in English hospitals. She went abroad with the first party of Red Cross nurses in 1914 and proceeded to the Royal Naval Hospital near London, there working

among the many pitiful cases of expatriated Belgian refugees, shattered and broken by the experience of seeing their country become a battlefield.

After working six weeks, Miss Taylor suffered an infection of a thumb which necessitated amputation of the member. She then went to the American Woman's War Hospital at Paignton, South Devon, working there among the sick and wounded soldiers. When the Red Cross nurses were recalled last September, Miss Taylor decided to stay and continue the work. This step, born of her desire to continue work at all personal cost, led to her final illness. She returned to America in December, and after spending the Christmas holidays with relatives in Wilmington, went to her hospital at Washington.

Funeral services in charge of J. F. McFall of the Hockessin M. E. Church, of which the deceased is a member were held in Wilmington on Monday.

Miss Taylor was a sister of former Levy Court Commissioner W. Frank Taylor, and a niece of former Comptroller Philemma Chandler. Others who survive are her mother, Mrs. Sarah T. Taylor, her sisters, Mrs. Davis Armore, of Wilmington; Miss Sarah L. Taylor, a nurse at Washington; Mrs. Walter Grace, of Philadelphia, and her brothers, W. Frank Taylor and Howard W. Taylor of Hockessin.

Girard On Preparedness

Girard in the Public Ledger of Philadelphia, recently met the thrust. "We are not prepared to defend ourselves against hostile nations" with the reply,

"Not, eh? Well, we have more money, more men, more food, more iron, more coal, more timber, more factories, and more cotton, than Germany."

While it was taking a fleet of 100 fast ships six months to bring a million soldiers to America from Germany, we could be doing something in the way of defense.

We are the only great nation that can live upon itself and by itself. We can't be starved. We can't be deprived of clothing. We can't be robbed of our fuel and iron.

England in 1775 was theoretically as much greater than the American colonies as England, France and Germany combined are greater than the United States today. But the Declaration of Independence is the record of what that supposed preponderance availed.

It took the British Empire with 375,000,000 people three years to subdue the Boer Republics having but half a million. Why? South Africa was too far off!

Russia's 150,000,000 could not prevail against Japan's 45,000,000. Why? Ten times as far from the scene of fighting. Had Japan

tried to cross Siberia and invade Russia it would never have gone home.

Napoleon led an army of 500,000 to Moscow, but Marshall Ney staggered back across the Niemen some months later with only 30,000. The Czar said General Winter was his best officer, because it saved him from the French.

The Atlantic is our great defense against Europe, and nobody appreciates that so much as Europe itself. But it is not our only defense by a long shot, and Europe also knows that.

Charter Mills Big Grist

The year closing January 10 showed a total of 1825 charters issued to corporations at Dover, an increase of upwards of 200 over the previous year's record. The total of authorized capital exceeded \$1,000,000,000 and the State's revenue derived from the charters totalled \$117,388.93 against \$78,256.57 for the previous year. Many of the charters issued last year, especially those with the largest capital, were granted to corporations formed to manufacture munitions and other war supplies which included not only home concerns but others also in Cuba, Panama and other countries in South America. Uncle Sam also profited from the growth of Delaware charters from the sale of revenue stamps required to be affixed thereto.

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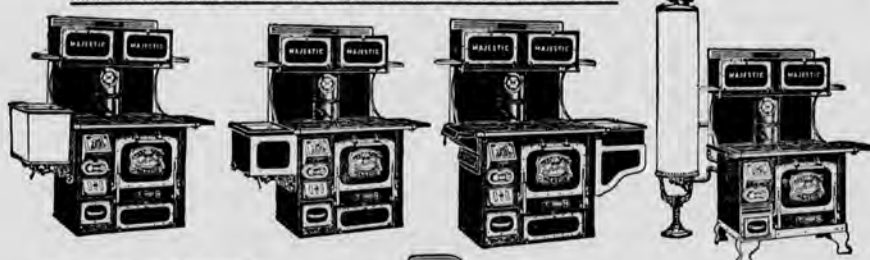
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