# 1999 Statewide Poll on the Condition of Education in Delaware 

Summary of Results

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# Delaware Education Research and Development Center OF THE <br> University of Delaware 

1999 Public and Educator Poll:
Summary of Results on the Condition of Education in Delaware

## INTRODUCTION

Each year the Delaware Education Research and Development Center (R\&D Center) of the University of Delaware conducts a telephone poll questioning citizens and educators on their impressions regarding the condition of education in Delaware. This report summarizes the results for the statewide poll conducted in the fall of 1999. Highlights of key findings in four areas of educational reform are reported and include the following:

| Quality of Education <br> Grading the Schools | Discipline <br> Respect and Confidence in Public Schools |
| :---: | :---: |
| Problems in Public Schools <br> Methods to Help Improve Student Behavior |  |
| Accountability <br> Student Accountability <br> Teacher Accountability | Parent Involvement <br> Amount of \& Opportunities for Involvement <br> Strategies for Improving Parent Involvement <br> Patterns of Parent Involvement |

In addition to a summary of the findings, this report includes:

- Full length copies of the public poll results (overall and comparisons of parents vs. non-parents), and educator poll results;
- Trend analyses of the statewide poll on the condition of education in Delaware;
- Comparisons of the 1999 poll results to national data;
- Background information on the poll, survey design, data collection techniques; and,
- A list of references.


## Putting the Results in Context

A new element to this year's summary of the poll results is a section entitled "putting it in context." Information concerning related research, trends across polling years in Delaware, and national comparisons are included to provide a context for the poll results (see the section entitled "Putting it in Context").

[^0]
## HIGHLIGHTS OF FINDINGS

## QUALITY OF EdUCATION

## Grading the Schools

## Poll Results

Most citizens ( $83 \%$ ) as well as educators ( $91 \%$ ) gave the public schools in Delaware a grade of a " B " or "C." Parents were more likely to give the schools a higher grade than nonparents. Student behavior was cited as the most important factor in determining the grade citizens gave to public schools.

Citizens who reported feeling very well informed about schools in Delaware were also more likely to give the schools a higher grade than citizens who felt less well informed.

## Putting it in Context

Nationally ${ }^{*}$, $67 \%$ of U.S. citizens gave public schools a grade of " B " or "C." Compared to Delaware citizens, there was more variability in grades given to the public schools nationally.

Compared to previous years ${ }^{* *}$, respondents to this year's poll were more satisfied with public schools in Delaware. In 1997 30\% of citizens gave the schools a "B" while $40 \%$ of this year's citizens gave the public schools the grade of "B."

Fewer respondents felt they were well informed about public schools in Delaware (34\%) compared to respondents to the 1994 poll ( $60 \%$ ). A larger percentage of this year's respondents indicated their primary source of information was the media ( $82 \%$ compared to $67 \%$ in 1994).

## Respect and Confidence in Public Schools

Poll Results
A higher percentage of educators ( $92 \%$ ) expressed a "great deal" or "quite a lot" of respect and confidence in the public schools compared to parents ( $71 \%$ ) and nonparents ( $57 \%$ ).

Putting it in Context
Nationally, public confidence in public schools has been declining since 1970.

Compared to previous years, fewer of this year's respondents believed public schools were getting worse.

[^1]Poll Results
Roughly half of Delaware citizens and one-third of educators believed the accountability system should be used to determine if a student graduates from high school, advances to the next level of schooling, or is permitted to participate in extracurricular activities. Roughly an equal percentage of educators ( $61 \%$ ) and citizens ( $64 \%$ ) supported the use of an accountability system for determining if students should attend summer school.

Putting it in Context
Nationally, many states are developing accountability systems with consequences for students. By 2003, 26 states are expected to have laws in place linking student performance on statewide tests to graduation. Six states (DE, CA, LA, OH, SC, and WI) now have laws that will tie promotion to the next grade level to student test scores.
Compared to previous years, respondents to this year's poll did not support the various uses of an accountability system as strongly. In 1997, most respondents believed a system should be used to make graduation decisions $(80 \%+$ ) or promotion decisions ( $70 \%+$ ).
Experts conclude the unintended negative effects of high stakes accountability systems often outweigh the intended positive effects.

## Teacher Accountability

## Poll Results

Most educators ( $94 \%$ ) and Delaware citizens ( $80 \%$ ) believed the purpose of the accountability system should be to improve the quality of teaching rather than to determine consequences (positive or negative) for teachers.

Given a list of six possible criteria for holding teachers accountable, both educators and citizens placed classroom observations and tests of teacher knowledge at the top of their list while student achievement as measured by standardized tests ranked fourth.

Most citizens and educators believed teachers should not be held accountable for frequently absent students or students who do not complete homework assignments.

## Putting it in Context

Nationally, only a handful of states currently evaluate teachers on the basis of student test scores. Of those states do, none use test scores as the sole measure. For example, in Texas, only $1 / 8^{\text {th }}$ of a teacher's evaluation is based on their school's performance on state tests.

Although an accountability system can be multipurpose, a single system cannot do it all. Most systems already in place across the nation focus less on improving instruction and more on holding schools and districts accountable.

Many experts in accountability believe schools should not be rewarded or penalized for factors they cannot control. Therefore, some systems are designed to control for these factors. But opponents to this approach believe it makes the system more complicated and results in lowered expectations for some students.

## Problems in Public Schools

## Poll Results

For Delaware citizens, student behavior was the most important factor in determining their perception of the quality of Delaware's public schools.

Putting it in Context
Nationally, student misbehavior is the most frequently cited problem facing public schools. Compared to U.S. citizens, Delawareans did not perceive student drug use, school violence, and student drinking as widespread a problem.

| Methods to Help Improve School Discipline |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Poll Results | Putting it in Context |
| When asked about methods to help improve school discipline, nearly all Delaware citizens said training for teachers on how to deal with problem children and classes for students on how to solve problems in a nonviolent manner would be most helpful. Classes for parents of problem children were also strongly endorsed by Delaware citizens and educators. | National data reveal surprisingly little has changed since 1985 with respect to methods for improving student behavior. Classes for parents and teachers on how to deal with problem children were, and still are, viewed as the best solutions. <br> Research indicates teachers skilled in classroom management are better able to prevent disruptions from occurring. In addition, integrating conflict resolution skills and peer mediation strategies into the school curriculum has positive benefits on student behavior. |
| Most Delaware educators and many Delaware citizens were also in favor of creating more alternative schools for students with behavior problems. | Alternative schools where students learn life skills as they fulfill normal academic requirements have shown some success in reducing discipline problems. |

## PARENT INVOLVEMENT

## Amount of and Opportunities for Involvement

## Poll Results

A majority of educators and parents agreed schools welcome family involvement and make it easy to be involved, but only a small percentage of Delaware educators ( $3 \%$ ) and parents ( $8 \%$ ) reported that parents in Delaware are very involved in their children's education.

## Putting it in Context

Research indicates parent involvement improves student achievement. Children whose parents provide help at home and are in touch with the school score higher than children of similar ability and family background whose parents are not involved. These effects are not limited to early childhood but persist throughout the high school years.

## Strategies for Improving Parent Involvement

## Poll Results

More educators than parents believed schools do a very good job of giving parents updates on student work and making parents aware of opportunities for volunteering at the school.
Strategies that may deserve more attention included, helping parents understand what to expect of their children when they reach certain ages and providing parents with information on how to help their child with homework.

## Putting it in Context

Good communication is critical for involving parents in their children's education.

Nationally, parents are more likely to say their school does a good job of keeping them well informed between report cards and making them aware of volunteer opportunities compared to Delaware parents.

Research indicates involving parents as educators at home with their children is one of the most effective ways to improve students' achievement and attitudes. Parents, however, need and want to learn how to do this better.

## Patterns of Parent Involvement

## Poll Results

Parents in Delaware were more likely to attend a general school meeting, parent-teacher conference, or a class event than to volunteer at the school or to serve on a parent advisory group.

Putting it in Context
Research indicates parents prefer to be involved in activities that directly involve their child and are less likely to be involved as a volunteer or decision maker.

## Statewide Public Poll on the Condition of Education in Delaware General 1999 Results Analysis (Parents and Non-Parents Combined)

## I. Quality of Education in Delaware

| Question |  | Responses |  | D | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| What is the most important factor in determining the grade you <br> gave the public schools? | Percent who <br> gave the <br> schools an A <br> or B | Percent who <br> gave the <br> schools a C, <br> D, or F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Student behavior | $\mathbf{3 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 \%}$ |


| How much respect and confidence do you have in public schools, a great deal, quite a lot, very little, or none at all? | A great deal | Quite a lot | Very little | None at all | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11\% | 51\% | 32\% | 1\% | 4\% |
| Compared to five years ago, would you say that the public schools in your district have gotten worse, stayed about the same, or improved? | Worse | About the same | Improved |  | Don't know |
|  | 23\% | 46\% | 12\% |  | 19\% |
| For each subject, please tell me whether you think it is very important, somewhat important, or not at all important for students to learn in public schools? | Not Important | Somewhat | Very |  | Don’t know |
|  | At All | Important | Important |  |  |
| a. Computers | 0\% | 9\% | 91\% |  | 0\% |
| b. Mathematics | 0\% | 2\% | 98\% |  | 0\% |
| c. Reading | 0\% | 1\% | 99\% |  | 0\% |
| d. Writing | 0\% | 4\% | 97\% |  | 0\% |
| e. Science | 0\% | 23\% | 77\% |  | 0\% |
| f. Social Studies | 0\% | 30\% | 70\% |  | 0\% |
| g. Foreign Languages | 6\% | 41\% | 53\% |  | 0\% |
| h. Physical Education | 3\% | 38\% | 59\% |  | 0\% |
| i. Art and Music | 2\% | 37\% | 61\% |  | 0\% |

## II. Educator and Student Accountability

| Student test scores are not the only means to hold teachers |
| :--- |
| accountable. I am going to read a list of possible criteria for |
| creating an accountability system that would hold teachers |
| accountable for their performance. As I read each one please tell |
| me if you think it is very important, somewhat important, or not |
| at all important to include in a teacher accountability system. |


| Very | Somewhat | Not Important | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Important | Important | At All |  |


| a. academic achievement or improvement of students as measured by standardized tests | 41\% | 50\% | 4\% | 4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. classroom observations | 51\% | 44\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| c. evaluation by other teachers in the system | 38\% | 52\% | 7\% | 3\% |
| d. students' evaluations | 31\% | 55\% | 12\% | 3\% |
| e. parents' opinions | 44\% | 47\% | 7\% | 2\% |
| f. tests of teacher knowledge | 71\% | 25\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| Should the teacher be held accountable for student performance if the student: | Yes |  | No | Don't know |
| a. is frequently absent? | 8\% |  | 90\% | 2\% |
| b. has frequent behavior problems in class? | 24\% |  | 72\% | 4\% |
| c. is transferred to the school midyear? | 29\% |  | 66\% | 6\% |
| d. doesn't do his/ her homework? | 15\% |  | 83\% | 2\% |


|  | Improve the quality of teaching | Positive or negative consequences for teachers | Both are equally important | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Which of the following do you think is a more important purpose of a teacher accountability system? | 80\% | 6\% | 12\% | 3\% |
| Which of the following should be used as positive consequences or rewards? | Yes |  | No | Don't know |
| a. Offer monetary rewards to highly effective teachers. | 66\% |  | 23\% | 11\% |
| b. Recognize highly effective teachers with a banquet or dinner meeting. | 60\% |  | 27\% | 12\% |
| c. Give highly effective teachers more planning time or fewer classes to teach. | 56\% |  | 30\% | 14\% |
| Which of the following should be used as negative consequences or sanctions? | Yes |  | No | Don't know |
| a. Ineffective teachers would be fired if in the last 3 years they received two unsatisfactory evaluations | 45\% |  | 37\% | 18\% |
| b. Ineffective teachers would lose their teaching license, meaning they could not teach anywhere in Delaware | 36\% |  | $51 \%$ | 14\% |
| c. Requiring ineffective teachers to observe highly effective teachers | 79\% |  | 8\% | 12\% |
| d. Requiring ineffective teachers to take courses to keep their jobs | 86\% |  | 4\% | 10\% |


| Should the student accountability system be used to determine if a student ... | Yes | No | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - graduates from high school? | 55\% | 42\% | 4\% |
| - advances to the next grade level of schooling? | 59\% | 37\% | 3\% |
| - is permitted to participate in extracurricular activities? | 52\% | 45\% | 3\% |
| - would be required to attend summer school? | 64\% | 32\% | 4\% |

## III.Discipline

| Mi.Discipline |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The following statements describe the seriousness of a problem <br> in Delaware public schools. A problem may be serious, but <br> "very serious" means a problem is both serious and widespread. | Not at all <br> serious | Not very <br> serious | Somewhat <br> serious | Very serious | Don't <br> know |
| student drug use | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 \%}$ |
| school violence | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 \%}$ |
| student drinking | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 \%}$ |
| lack of parent involvement | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 \%}$ |


| The following statements describe possible solutions to problems confronting public schools and their perceived helpfulness in improving school discipline. | Very helpful | Somewhat helpful | Not helpful at all | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - classes for teachers on how to deal with problem children | 69\% | 29\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| - classes for principals to help them create more orderly behavior | 54\% | 37\% | 7\% | 2\% |
| - required classes for parents of problem children | 69\% | 24\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| - suspension of students with extreme behavior problems | 51\% | 30\% | 18\% | 2\% |
| - creation of a curriculum more relevant to the interests and concerns of students | 34\% | 49\% | 12\% | 4\% |
| - classes for students on how to solve problems without violence | 76\% | 21\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| - creation of more alternative schools | 28\% | 52\% | 11\% | 8\% |
| - installation of metal detectors in school | 35\% | 46\% | 15\% | 4\% |
| - police officers/security guards in schools | 32\% | 50\% | 14\% | 4\% |


homework

[^2]Which of the following activities did the mother, father, both, or neither attend during the past year? *

| - attended a general meeting, for example, a back-to-school night or a meeting of a parent-teacher organization | 34\% | 6\% | 50\% | 8\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - gone to a regularly scheduled parent-teacher conference | 42\% | 5\% | 40\% | 7\% | 5\% | 2\% |
| - attended a class event such as a play, sports event, or science fair | 22\% | 7\% | 56\% | 8\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| - acted as a volunteer at the school or served on a committee | 40\% | 2\% | 10\% | 40\% | 5\% | 2\% |
| - gone to a meeting of a parent advisory group or policy council | 12\% | 1\% | 6\% | 49\% | 28\% | 3\% |
|  | Willing to sign |  | Not willing to sign |  |  | Don't know |
| Thinking about the public school system attended by your oldest child, would you be willing or not willing to sign an agreement which would specify everyone's responsibilities - the school's, your child's, and yours as a parent? | 72\% |  | 14\% |  |  | 13\% | your child's, and yours as a parent?


|  | Held <br> accountable | Not held <br> accountable | Don't <br> know |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Do you believe that schools should or should not be held <br> accountable for the performance of students whose parents do not <br> sign this type of agreement? | $\mathbf{2 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 \%}$ |

[^3]| V. Science Education |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Your child's <br> teacher | Your child's <br> principal | Other parents | Other source <br> Where do you get information about science education in <br> Delaware? ** | $\mathbf{4 7 \%}$ |

** Numbers do not add to $100 \%$ because parents were permitted to list more than one source of information.

| Comparing Delaware students to ... |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | other students in the U.S. | other students in the world | $a$ <br> predetermined <br> standard |  |
| Student test scores can be reported in different ways. Of the following three ways, which do you think is the most useful way of reporting test scores? | 51\% | 12\% | 38\% |  |
|  | Yes |  | No |  |
| Have you ever heard of the Smithsonian Science Project? * | 16\% |  | 85\% |  |
|  | Gotten worse | Stayed about the same |  |  |
| (If yes) Because of the Smithsonian Science Project, would you say that science education in Delaware has gotten worse, stayed about the same, or improved? * | 2\% | 54\% | 45\% |  |
| VI. General Information |  |  |  |  |
| How well informed do you feel you are about the public schools in your community? | Not at all informed $14 \%$ | Somewhat informed 52\% | Well informed 25\% |  |
| Where do you get most of your information about Delaware public schools? | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { responding** } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Percent responding** |
| - Newspaper | 58\% | - School a | district meetings | 7\% |
| - Newsletters from schools or districts | 33\% | - Radio |  | 6\% |
| - Own children or grandchildren | 31\% | - No sourc | of information | 5\% |
| - Friends/Neighbors/Spouse | 23\% | - Other |  | 3\% |
| - Television | 18\% |  |  |  |
| - Direct contact with school personnel in a professional capacity | 8\% |  |  |  |

[^4]| In which county do you live? | New Castle 67\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kent } \\ & \mathbf{1 8 \%} \end{aligned}$ | Sussex 16\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes | No |  |
| Are there any children in your household currently attending school in grades Kindergarten through $12^{\text {th }}$ in Delaware? | g 39\% | 61\% |  |
| In what school district do you live? re | Percent responding |  | Percent responding |
| - Christina | 16\% | - Milford | 2\% |
| - Red Clay | 18\% | - Smyrna | 4\% |
| - Brandywine | 15\% | - Lake Forest | 3\% |
| - Colonial | 10\% | - Seaford | 2\% |
| - Cape Henlopen | 4\% | - Laurel | 2\% |
| - Caesar Rodney | 4\% | - Woodbridge | 1\% |
| - Indian River | 5\% | - Delmar | <1\% |
| - Appoquinimink | 4\% | - PolyTech | <1\% |
| - Capital | 6\% | - Don't know | 5\% |
|  |  |  |  |
| What is your age? | Average Age 45.3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Range } \\ & \mathbf{1 8 - 8 9} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Including the current year, how many years have you lived in Delaware? | Average years in Delaware | Range |  |
|  | in 28.8 | 0-83 |  |

$\left.\begin{array}{lclll}\hline \text { What is your occupation? } \\ \text { Occupational Classification }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { Percent } \\ \text { responding }\end{array}\right)$

DELAWARE EDUCATION RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER
of the
University of Delaware
Statewide Public Poll on the Condition of Education in Delaware Respondents with Children Attending K-12 Schools in DE Compared to Respondents without Children Attending K-12 Schools in DE (in Parentheses)
I. Quality of Education in Delaware

| Question | Responses |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | D | F | Don't |
| Students in Delaware are often given the grades of A, B, C, D, or |  |  |  |  |  | know |
| F to denote the quality of their work. What grade would you give the public schools in Delaware? | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{6 \%} \\ & (\mathbf{2 \%}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{5 0 \%} \\ (\mathbf{3 7 \%}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 37 \% \\ (43 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \% \\ & (6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \% \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \% \\ & (12 \%) \end{aligned}$ |


| What is the most important factor in determining the grade you gave the public schools? | Percent who gave the schools an A or B |  | Percent who gave the schools a C, D, or F |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Student behavior | 39\% | (24\%) | 28\% | (33\%) |
| - Teacher capacity and quality | 19\% | (18\%) | 20\% | (9\%) |
| - Quality of instruction | 11\% | (17\%) | 15\% | (18\%) |
| - Effort put forth by schools |  | (12\%) |  | (0\%) |
| - Curriculum |  | (6\%) |  | (7\%) |
| - School environment \& structure |  | (6\%) | 11\% | (9\%) |
| - Communication and involvement with parents/community |  | (5\%) |  | (3\%) |
| - Standards/accountability |  | (1\%) |  | (2\%) |
| - Student outcomes (test scores, graduation rates, etc.) |  | (6\%) |  | (2\%) |
| - School/classroom resources |  | (0\%) |  | (5\%) |
| - DSTP and standardized testing programs |  | (3\%) |  | (7\%) |


| How much respect and confidence do you have in public schools, a great deal, quite a lot, very little, or none at all? | A great deal $12 \%$ $(10 \%)$ | Quite a lot $\begin{gathered} 59 \% \\ (47 \%) \end{gathered}$ | Very little $\begin{gathered} 25 \% \\ (\mathbf{3 7 \%}) \end{gathered}$ | None at all $\begin{gathered} 2 \% \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | Don't know $\begin{gathered} 3 \% \\ (6 \%) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Worse | About the same | Improved |  | Don't know |
| Compared to five years ago, would you say that the public schools in your district have gotten worse, stayed about the same, or improved? | $\begin{gathered} \text { 20\% } \\ (\mathbf{2 5 \%}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51 \% \\ (43 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14 \% \\ (12 \%) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 15 \% \\ (21 \%) \end{gathered}$ |
| For each subject, please tell me whether you think it is very important, somewhat important, or not at all important for students to learn in public schools? | Not Important At All | Somewhat Important | Very Important |  | Don't know |
| a. Computers | 0\% (0\%) | 8\% (9\%) | 92\% (91\%) |  | 0\% (0\%) |
| b. Mathematics | 0\% (0\%) | 1\% (2\%) | 99\% (98\%) |  | 0\% (0\%) |
| c. Reading | 0\% (0\%) | 1\% (2\%) | 99\% (98\%) |  | 0\% (0\%) |
| d. Writing | 0\% (0\%) | 2\% (4\%) | 98\% (96\%) |  | 0\% (0\%) |
| e. Science | 0\% (0\%) | 22\% (23\%) | 78\% (77\%) |  | 0\% (0\%) |
| f. Social Studies | 1\% (0\%) | 25\% (33\%) | 74\% (67\%) |  | 0\% (0\%) |
| g. Foreign Languages | 5\% (7\%) | 38\% (43\%) | 57\% (51\%) |  | 0\% (0\%) |
| h. Physical Education | 4\% (3\%) | 32\% (42\%) | 64\% (55\%) |  | 0\% (0\%) |
| i. Art and Music | 1\% (2\%) | 31\% (41\%) | 67\% (57\%) |  | 0\% (0\%) |

II. Educator and Student Accountability

| Student test scores are not the only means to hold teachers accountable. I am going to read a list of possible criteria for creating an accountability system that would hold teachers accountable for their performance. As I read each one please tell me if you think it is very important, somewhat important, or not at all important to include in a teacher accountability system. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Very } \\ \text { Important } \end{gathered}$ | Somewhat Important | Not Important At All | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. academic achievement or improvement of students as measured by standardized tests | 39\% (43\%) | 54\% (48\%) | 4\% (5\%) | 3\% (5\%) |
| b. classroom observations | 46\% (54\%) | 49\% (40\%) | 2\% (5\%) | 2\% (2\%) |
| c. evaluation by other teachers in the system | 30\% (43\%) | 62\% (45\%) | 5\% (9\%) | 2\% (3\%) |
| d. students' evaluations | 31\% (30\%) | 55\% (56\%) | 12\% (11\%) | 2\% (3\%) |
| e. parents' opinions | 48\% (42\%) | 45\% (48\%) | 4\% (9\%) | 2\% (1\%) |
| f. tests of teacher knowledge | 69\% (72\%) | 26\% (23\%) | 1\% (2\%) | 3\% (3\%) |
| Should the teacher be held accountable for student performance if the student: | Yes |  | No | Don't know |
| a. is frequently absent? | 8\% (7\%) |  | 90\% (91\%) | 2\% (2\%) |
| b. has frequent behavior problems in class? | 23\% (25\%) |  | 73\% (72\%) | 4\% (4\%) |
| c. is transferred to the school midyear? | 26\% (30\%) |  | 68\% (65\%) | 6\% (5\%) |
| d. doesn't do his/ her homework? | 13\% (16\%) |  | 86\% (81\%) | 2\% (3\%) |


|  | Improve the quality of teaching | Positive or negative consequences for teachers | Both are equally important | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Which of the following do you think is a more important purpose of a teacher accountability system? | 78\% (82\%) | 6\% (6\%) | 13\% (11\%) | 3\% (2\%) |
| Which of the following should be used as positive consequences or rewards? | Yes |  | No | Don't Know |
| a. Offer monetary rewards to highly effective teachers. | 67\% (67\%) |  | 23\% (24\%) | 10\% (12\%) |
| b. Recognize highly effective teachers with a banquet or dinner meeting. | 58\% (62\%) |  | 32\% (24\%) | 10\% (14\%) |
| c. Give highly effective teachers more planning time or fewer classes to teach. | 58\% (52\%) |  | 29\% (33\%) | 13\% (14\%) |
| Which of the following should be used as negative consequences or sanctions? | Yes |  | No | Don't Know |
| a. Ineffective teachers would be fired if in the last 3 years they received two unsatisfactory evaluations | 48\% (43\%) |  | 35\% (38\%) | 16\% (19\%) |
| b. Ineffective teachers would lose their teaching license meaning they could not teach anywhere in Delaware | 39\% (33\%) |  | 48\% (52\%) | 13\% (14\%) |
| c. Requiring ineffective teachers to observe highly effective teachers | $81 \% \text { (79\%) }$ |  | 6\% (10\%) | 13\% (12\%) |
| d. Requiring ineffective teachers to take courses to keep their jobs | 84\% (86\%) |  | 3\% (5\%) | 13\% (10\%) |


| Should the student accountability system be used to determine if a student ... | Yes | No | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - graduates from high school? | 49\% (59\%) | 46\% (38\%) | 5\% (3\%) |
| - advances to the next grade level of schooling? | 56\% (62\%) | 41\% (35\%) | 4\% (3\%) |
| - is permitted to participate in extracurricular activities? | 49\% (54\%) | 47\% (44\%) | 4\% (3\%) |
| - would be required to attend summer school? | 60\% (67\%) | 36\% (29\%) | 4\% (4\%) |

## III. Discipline

| The following statements describe the seriousness of a problem in Delaware public schools. A problem may be serious, but "very serious" means a problem is both serious and widespread. | Not at all serious | Not very serious | Somewhat serious | Very serious | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - student drug use | 1\% (1\%) | 10\% (6\%) | 48\% (48\%) | 37\% (39\%) | 5\% (7\%) |
| - school violence | 1\% (1\%) | 18\% (12\%) | 48\% (46\%) | 29\% (36\%) | 4\% (6\%) |
| - student drinking | 1\% (1\%) | 13\% (11\%) | 55\% (54\%) | 22\% (27\%) | 8\% (8\%) |
| - lack of parent involvement | 0\% (0\%) | 9\% (6\%) | 53\% (44\%) | 34\% (46\%) | 3\% (4\%) |


| The following statements describe possible solutions to problems confronting public schools and their perceived helpfulness in improving school discipline. | Very helpful | Somewhat helpful | Not helpful at all | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - classes for teachers on how to deal with problem children | 70\% (68\%) | 28\% (29\%) | 2\% (1\%) | 1\% (2\%) |
| - classes for principals to help them create more orderly behavior | 56\% (52\%) | 33\% (39\%) | 9\% (6\%) | 2\% (3\%) |
| - required classes for parents of problem children | 70\% (68\%) | 24\% (24\%) | 5\% (6\%) | 1\% (2\%) |
| - suspension of students with extreme behavior problems | 57\% (47\%) | 27\% (31\%) | 15\% (19\%) | 0\% (3\%) |
| - creation of a curriculum more relevant to the interests and concerns of students | 33\% (35\%) | 58\% (44\%) | 7\% (16\%) | 2\% (5\%) |
| - classes for students on how to solve problems without violence | 79\% (74\%) | 18\% (23\%) | 2\% (1\%) | 0\% (2\%) |
| - creation of more alternative schools | 27\% (29\%) | 60\% (47\%) | 10\% (13\%) | 4\% (12\%) |
| - installation of metal detectors in school | 35\% (35\%) | 50\% (44\%) | 13\% (17\%) | 2\% (4\%) |
| - police officers/security guards in schools | 34\% (31\%) | 53\% (49\%) | 11\% (15\%) | 2\% (4\%) |


| IV.Parent Involvement |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Which of the following activities did the mother, father, both, or neither attend during the past year?

Mother Father Both $\quad$ Neither \begin{tabular}{c}
School <br>
didn't have

 

Don't <br>
remember
\end{tabular}

| - attended a general meeting, for example, a back-toschool night or a meeting of a parent-teacher organization | 34\% | 6\% | 50\% | 8\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - gone to a regularly scheduled parent-teacher conference | 42\% | 5\% | 40\% | 7\% | 8\% | 2\% |
| - attended a class event such as a play, sports event, or science fair | 22\% | 7\% | 56\% | 8\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| - acted as a volunteer at the school or served on a committee | 40\% | 2\% | 10\% | 40\% | 5\% | 2\% |
| - gone to a meeting of a parent advisory group or policy council | 12\% | 1\% | 6\% | 49\% | 28\% | 3\% |
|  | Willing to sign |  | Not willing to sign |  |  | Don't know |
| Thinking about the public school system attended by your oldest child, would you be willing or not willing to sign an agreement which would specify everyone's responsibilities - the school's, your child's, and yours as a parent? | 74\% (71\%) |  | 11\% (15\%) |  |  | 15\% (13\%) |


|  | Held <br> accountable | Not held <br> accountable | Don't <br> know |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Do you believe that schools should or should not be held <br> accountable for the performance of students whose parents do not | $\mathbf{2 7 \% ~ ( 2 1 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{5 4 \% ( 6 4 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 \%} \mathbf{( 1 6 \% )}$ |


| V. Science Education |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  |  | Yes |  | No |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Have you ever heard of the Smithsonian Science Project? | 16\% |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

[^5]

$\left.\begin{array}{lclll}\hline \text { What is your occupation? } \\ \text { Occupational Classification }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { Percent } \\ \text { responding }\end{array}\right)$

## DELAWARE EDUCATION RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER <br> of the <br> University of Delaware

## Statewide Poll of Educators on the Condition of Education in Delaware General 1999 Results Analysis

I. Quality of Education in Delaware

| Question |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | D | F | Don't |
| Students in Delaware are often given the grades of A, B, C, D, or F to denote the quality of their work. What grade would you give the public schools in Delaware? | 3\% | 61\% | 30\% | 1\% | 0\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { know } \\ \mathbf{4 \%} \end{gathered}$ |
| What is the most important factor in determining the grade you gave the public schools? | Percent who gave the schools an A or B |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Student behavior | 11\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Teacher capacity and quality | 22\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Quality of instruction | 27\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Effort put forth by schools | 6\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Curriculum | 6\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| - School environment \& structure | 3\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Communication and involvement with parents/community | 1\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Standards/accountability | 1\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Student outcomes (test scores, graduation rates, etc.) | 14\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| - School/classroom resources | 5\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| - DSTP and standardized testing programs | 2\% |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | A great deal | Quite a lot | Very little | None at all | Don't know |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| How much respect and confidence do you have in public schools, | $\mathbf{3 4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ |  |
| a great deal, quite a lot, very little, or none at all? |  | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ |  |  |  |


|  | Worse | About the <br> same | Improved |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | or improved?


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For each subject, please tell me whether you think it is very <br> important, somewhat important, or not at all important for <br> students to learn in public schools? | Not Important <br> At All | Somewhat <br> Important | Very <br> Important | Don't know |
| a. Computers | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 1 \%}$ |  |
| b. Mathematics | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{9 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ |
| c. Reading | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ |
| d. Writing | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{9 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ |
| e. Science | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ |
| f. Social Studies | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ |
| g. Foreign Languages | $\mathbf{3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ |
| h. Physical Education | $\mathbf{3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ |
| i. Art and Music | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ |

## II. Educator and Student Accountability

| Student test scores are not the only means to hold teachers | Very | Somewhat | Not Important | Don't know |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| accountable. I am going to read a list of possible criteria for | Important | Important | At All |  | creating an accountability system that would hold teachers accountable for their performance. As I read each one please tell me if you think it is very important, somewhat important, or not at all important to include in a teacher accountability system.


| a. academic achievement or improvement of students as measured by standardized tests | 20\% | 62\% | 17\% | 1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. classroom observations | 56\% | 41\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| c. evaluation by other teachers in the system | 37\% | 52\% | 10\% | 1\% |
| d. students' evaluations | 15\% | 58\% | 27\% | 0\% |
| e. parents' opinions | 13\% | 65\% | 22\% | 1\% |
| f. tests of teacher knowledge | 42\% | 50\% | 8\% | 0\% |
| Should the teacher be held accountable for student performance if the student: | Yes |  | No | Don't know |
| a. is frequently absent? | 2\% |  | 97\% | 1\% |
| b. has frequent behavior problems in class? | 9\% |  | 87\% | 4\% |
| c. is transferred to the school midyear? | 27\% |  | 67\% | 6\% |
| d. doesn't do his/ her homework? | 16\% |  | 81\% | 2\% |


|  | Improve the quality of teaching | Positive or negative consequences for teachers | Both are equally important | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Which of the following do you think is a more important purpose of a teacher accountability system? | 94\% | 3\% | 3\% | 2\% |
| Which of the following should be used as positive consequences or rewards? | Yes |  | No | Don't know |
| a. Offer monetary rewards to highly effective teachers. | 31\% |  | 47\% | 20\% |
| b. Recognize highly effective teachers with a banquet or dinner meeting. | 27\% |  | 60\% | 13\% |
| c. Give highly effective teachers more planning time or fewer classes to teach. | 27\% |  | 60\% | 13\% |
| Which of the following should be used as negative consequences or sanctions? | Yes |  | No | Don't know |
| a. Ineffective teachers would be fired if in the last 3 years they received two unsatisfactory evaluations | 20\% |  | 60\% | 20\% |
| b. Ineffective teachers would lose their teaching license meaning they could not teach anywhere in Delaware | 20\% |  | 60\% | 20\% |
| c. Requiring ineffective teachers to observe highly effective teachers | 80\% |  | 7\% | 13\% |
| d. Requiring ineffective teachers to take courses to keep their jobs | 40\% |  | 47\% | 13\% |


| Should the student accountability system be used to determine if a student ... | Yes | No | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - graduates from high school? | 30\% | 67\% | 3\% |
| - advances to the next grade level of schooling? | 38\% | 59\% | 3\% |
| - is permitted to participate in extracurricular activities? | 38\% | 58\% | 4\% |
| - would be required to attend summer school? | 61\% | 37\% | 2\% |


| The following statements describe the seriousness of a problem in Delaware public schools. A problem may be serious, but "very serious" means a problem is both serious and widespread. | Not at all serious | Not very serious | Somewhat serious | Very serious | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - student drug use | 3\% | 14\% | 55\% | 21\% | 7\% |
| - school violence | 3\% | 19\% | 57\% | 17\% | 4\% |
| - student drinking | 4\% | 16\% | 48\% | 22\% | 10\% |
| - lack of parent involvement | 1\% | 1\% | 35\% | 62\% | 1\% |


| The following statements describe possible solutions to problems confronting public schools and their perceived helpfulness in improving school discipline. | Very helpful | Somewhat helpful | Not helpful at all | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - classes for teachers on how to deal with problem children | 39\% | 53\% | 7\% | 0\% |
| - classes for principals to help them create more orderly behavior | 44\% | 46\% | 10\% | 1\% |
| - required classes for parents of problem children | 81\% | 17\% | 2\% | 0\% |
| - suspension of students with extreme behavior problems | 60\% | 29\% | 11\% | 0\% |
| - creation of a curriculum more relevant to the interests and concerns of students | 34\% | 41\% | 25\% | 1\% |
| - classes for students on how to solve problems without violence | 65\% | 30\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| - creation of more alternative schools | 60\% | 34\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| - installation of metal detectors in school | 12\% | 54\% | 31\% | 3\% |
| - police officers/security guards in schools | 20\% | 58\% | 20\% | 3\% |


|  | Very involved | Somewhat involved | Not very involved |  | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In your opinion, how involved are parents in their children's education in Delaware? | 3\% | 69\% | 27\% |  | 1\% |
|  | Yes |  | No |  | Don't know |
| Do you believe the state accountability system should be used to determine fines for parents of children who do not attend school? | 59\% |  | 35\% |  | 6\% |
| My school welcomes family involvement | Strongly disagree 0\% | Disagree <br> $1 \%$ | Agree <br> 22\% | Strongly agree 77\% | Don't know 0\% |
| My school makes it easy for parents to be involved there. | 1\% | 3\% | 33\% | 63\% | 1\% |
| The following statements describe how well your school performs with regards to these activities. | Doesn't do it at all | Does just o.k. | Does it very well |  | Don't know |
| Lets parents know between report cards how their child is doing in school | 0\% | 24\% | 75\% |  | 1\% |
| Helps parents understand what children at their child's age are like (i.e., child development) | 20\% | 45\% | 33\% |  | 2\% |
| Makes parents aware of chances to volunteer at the school | 9\% | 30\% | 61\% |  | 0\% |
| Provides information about how to help their child with his/her homework | 11\% | 39\% | 47\% |  | 3\% |


| How many of your students' parents do each of the following? | None | A Few | About 1/2 | Almost All | Don't know |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - volunteer to assist with class activities | 21\% | 63\% | 12\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| - attend parent-teacher conferences | 1\% | 37\% | 28\% | 31\% | 3\% |
| - attend school activities such as PTA meetings and Family Science Nights | 7\% | 58\% | 24\% | 5\% | 6\% |
|  | Willing to sign |  | Not willing to sign |  | Don't <br> know |
| would you be willing or not willing to sign an agreement which would specify everyone's responsibilities - the school's, the child's, and the parents'? | 84\% |  | 10\% |  | 6\% |
|  | Held accountable |  | Not held accountable |  | Don't know |
| Do you believe that schools should or should not be held accountable for the performance of students whose parents do not sign this type of agreement? | 19\% |  | 77\% |  | 3\% |
| VI. General Information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gender of Respondent | Female 31\% |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Male } \\ & 70 \% \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| In which county do you work? | New Castle 58\% |  | Kent 18\% |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sussex } \\ \mathbf{2 4 \%} \end{gathered}$ |


| How many years have you been an educator in Delaware? | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { year } \\ \mathbf{0 \%} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2-5 \text { years } \\ \mathbf{1 1 \%} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6-11 \text { years } \\ \mathbf{2 6 \%} \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 12-20 \text { years } \\ \mathbf{2 6 \%} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 20+\text { years } \\ \mathbf{3 7 \%} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| What is your current position as a Delaware Educator? | Percent responding |  |  |  |  |
| - Classroom Teacher | 82\% | - District | ministrator |  | 3\% |
| - Building Administrator | 5\% | - Other |  |  | 10\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| What is your highest level of education completed? | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { High school } \\ \text { diploma } \\ \mathbf{0 \%} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { BS/BA } \\ \mathbf{3 3 \%} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { MA/MS/ } \\ \text { M.Ed. } \\ \mathbf{6 3 \%} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Ph.D./Ed.D. } \\ \mathbf{4 \%} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Where did you complete your teacher or administrator education? | Percent responding |  |  |  |  |
| - University of Delaware | 39\% |  |  |  |  |
| - Delaware State University | 7\% |  |  |  |  |
| - Wilmington College | 9\% |  |  |  |  |
| - Wesley College | 1\% |  |  |  |  |
| - University out of state | 44\% |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| What grade level is your certification? $\begin{gathered}\text { Percent } \\ \text { responding }\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Percent responding |  |
| - Pre-Kindergarten 6\% | - | $6^{\text {th }}$ grade |  | 49\% |  |
| - Kindergarten 36\% | - | $7^{\text {th }}$ grade |  | 54\% |  |
| - $1^{\text {st }}$ grade $\mathbf{5 1 \%}$ | - | $8^{\text {th }}$ grade |  | 54\% |  |
| - $2^{\text {nd }}$ grade $\mathbf{5 1 \%}^{\text {a }}$ | - | $9^{\text {th }}$ grade |  | 38\% |  |
| - $3^{\text {rd }}$ grade ${ }^{\text {gra }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | - | $10^{\text {th }}$ grade |  | 38\% |  |
| - $4^{\text {th }}$ grade $\mathbf{5 0 \%}^{\text {tem }}$ | - | $11^{\text {th }}$ grade |  | 38\% |  |
| - $5^{\text {th }}$ grade ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | - | $12^{\text {th }}$ grade |  | 38\% |  |


| What grade level was your primary teaching responsibility this past school year? | Percent responding |  | Percent responding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Pre-Kindergarten | 2\% | - $6^{\text {th }}$ grade | 13\% |
| - Kindergarten | 4\% | - $7^{\text {th }}$ grade | 14\% |
| - $1^{\text {st }}$ grade | 10\% | - $8^{\text {th }}$ grade | 14\% |
| - $2^{\text {nd }}$ grade | 12\% | - $9^{\text {th }}$ grade | 23\% |
| - $3^{\text {rd }}$ grade | 14\% | - $10^{\text {th }}$ grade | 23\% |
| - $4^{\text {th }}$ grade | 13\% | - $11^{\text {th }}$ grade | 22\% |
| - $5^{\text {th }}$ grade | 10\% | - $122^{\text {th }}$ grade | 23\% |
|  | Percent |  | Percent |
| Percent of teachers certified in the grade that they teach | responding |  | responding |
| - Pre-Kindergarten | 57\% | - $6^{\text {th }}$ grade | 94\% |
| - Kindergarten | 100\% | - $7^{\text {th }}$ grade | 97\% |
| - $1^{\text {st }}$ grade | 100\% | - $8^{\text {th }}$ grade | 97\% |
| - $2^{\text {nd }}$ grade | 97\% | - $9^{\text {th }}$ grade | 98\% |
| - $3^{\text {rd }}$ grade | 100\% | - $10^{\text {th }}$ grade | 98\% |
| - $4^{\text {th }}$ grade | 97\% | - $11^{\text {th }}$ grade | 98\% |
| - $5^{\text {th }}$ grade | 97\% | - $12{ }^{\text {th }}$ grade | 100\% |
|  |  |  |  |
| In what content areas are you certified to teach? | Percent responding |  | Percent responding |
| - English Language Arts | 31\% | - Computer programming | 2\% |
| - Mathematics | 31\% | - Art | 2\% |
| - Science | 32\% | - Music | 3\% |
| - Social Studies | 31\% | - Industrial Arts | 3\% |
| - Foreign Languages | 5\% | - Home Economics | 2\% |
| - Physical Education | 4\% | - Special education | 20\% |
| - Business Education | 3\% | - Other | 29\% |

$\left.\begin{array}{lcllc}\hline \text { In what content areas are you teaching } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Percent } \\ \text { responding }\end{array} & \mathbf{2 7 \%}\end{array}\right)$

## DELAWARE EDUCATION RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER <br> of the <br> University of Delaware

Trend Analyses of the Statewide Public Poll on the Condition of Education in Delaware
The following pages present information comparing the 1999 poll to previous years. Information from the 1998 poll results are not included because a different set of questions were asked that year.
I. Quality of Education in Delaware

Students in Delaware are often given the grades of A, B, C, D, or F to denote the quality of their work. What grade would you give the public schools in Delaware?


Compared to five years ago, would you say that the public schools in your district have gotten worse, stayed about the same, or improved?


II. Educator and Student Accountability

Should the student accountability system be used to determine if a student graduates from high school?



Should the student accountability system be used to determine if a student advances to the next grade level of schooling?



Should the student accountability system be used to determine if a student is permitted to participate in extracurricular activities?



Do you believe the state accountability system should be used to determine fines for parents of children who do not attend school?



How well informed do you feel you are about the public schools in your community?


Where do you get most of your information about Delaware public schools?


Note: Other Media = radio, TV
Print Media $=$ newspaper
School Contact = school/district meetings, school/district newsletter, direct contact with teacher/administrator Community = spouse, friend, neighbor, child, grandchild

# DELAWARE EDUCATION RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER <br> of the 

University of Delaware

## Comparisons Between National Results and Statewide Public Poll Results

## (National results appear in parentheses)

I. Quality of Education in Delaware

| Question | Responses |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | D | F | Don't |
| Students in Delaware are often given the grades of A, B, C, D, or F to denote the quality of their work. What grade would you give the public schools in Delaware? | 3\% | 42\% | 41\% | 6\% | 1\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { know } \\ \mathbf{7 \%} \end{gathered}$ |
| Students are often given the grades of A, B, C, D, or F to denote the quality of their work. Suppose the public schools in this community were graded the same way. What grade would you give the public schools here? (Public Agenda Online, Gallup Organization/Phi Delta Kappa 6/98) | (10\%) | (36\%) | (31\%) | (9\%) | (5\%) | (9\%) |

## III. Discipline

The following statements describe the seriousness of a problem
in Delaware public schools. A problem may be serious, but
Not at all serious
Not very
serious

Somewhat
Very serious
Don't "very serious" means a problem is both serious and widespread. (Public Agenda Online, Gallup Organization/Phi Delta Kappa 9/98)

| - student drug use | 1\% (1\%) | 7\% (4\%) | 46\% (25\%) | 38\% (68\%) | 6\% (2\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - school violence | 1\% (2\%) | 15\% (9\%) | 46\% (24\%) | 33\% (65\%) | 5\% (0\%) |
| - student drinking | 1\% (1\%) | 12\% (6\%) | 54\% (28\%) | 25\% (64\%) | 8\% (1\%) |
| - lack of parent involvement | 0\% (2\%) | 7\% (7\%) | 47\% (32\%) | 41\% (59\%) | 4\% (0\%) |

Lack of discipline is often cited as a problem confronting the public schools. As I read this list of possible solutions, please tell me if you believe it would be very helpful, somewhat helpful, or not helpful at all in improving school discipline. (Tell me which of these possible solutions you think would be most helpful in improving school discipline. (Polling Attitudes of Community on Education, Phi Delta Kappa International, 1985))

| - required classes for parents of problem children | 1 | 69\% | 24\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - classes for teachers on how to deal with problem children | 2 | 69\% | 29\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| - classes for principals to help them create more orderly behavior | 3 | 54\% | 37\% | 7\% | 2\% |
| - suspension of students with extreme behavior problems | 4 | 51\% | 30\% | 18\% | 2\% |
| - creation of a curriculum more relevant to the interests and concerns of students | 5 | 34\% | 49\% | 12\% | 4\% |
| - creation of more alternative schools | 6 | 28\% | 52\% | 11\% | 8\% |


| IV.Parent Involvement |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Which of the following activities did the mother, father, both, or | Mother or <br> female <br> guardian | Father or <br> male <br> guardian | Both | Neither | School <br> neither attend during the past year? (Since the beginning of this | Don't |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| remember |  |  |  |  |  |  | school year, have you or other adults in your household..., Did you do this, did child's (mother/father), did both of you, or did neither of you? National Household Education Survey, OERI, 1996)

- attended a general meeting, for example, a back-to-school

| night or a meeting of a parent-teacher organization | $\mathbf{3 4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{( 2 5 . 3 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 . 7 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 7 . 6 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 6 . 1 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{( 7 . 3 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{N} / \mathbf{A}$ |
| gone to a regularly scheduled parent-teacher conference | $\mathbf{4 2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{( 3 3 . 3 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 . 6 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 2 . 2 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 3 . 4 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 6 . 4 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{N} / \mathbf{A}$ |


| - attended a class event such as a play, sports event, or science fair | $\begin{gathered} 22 \% \\ (16.7 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 \% \\ (2.8 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 56 \% \\ (46.4 \%) \end{gathered}$ | 8\% | $\begin{gathered} 6 \% \\ (34.1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | 2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - acted as a volunteer at the school or served on a committee | $\begin{gathered} 40 \% \\ (26.0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \% \\ (2.7 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \% \\ (10.7 \%) \end{gathered}$ | 40\% | $\begin{gathered} 5 \% \\ (60.5 \%) \end{gathered}$ | 2\% |



|  | Willing to sign | Not willing to <br> sign | Don't <br> know |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Thinking about the public school system attended by your oldest |  |  | $\mathbf{1 1 \%}$ |
| child, would you be willing or not willing to sign an agreement | $\mathbf{7 4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{( 9 \% )}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ |
| which would specify everyone's responsibilities - the school's, | $\mathbf{( 8 9 \% )}$ |  | $\mathbf{( 2 \% )}$ |
| your child's, and yours as a parent? (DE Poll, parents only, item <br> source: Polling Attitudes of Community on Education, Phi Delta |  |  |  |
| Kappa International, 1995, public school parents only) |  |  |  |

## Appendix A:

## Background, Design, and Data Collection

## Background

The Delaware Education Research and Development Center (R\&D Center) provides as one major aspect of its mission, service to the citizens of Delaware as a "trustworthy source of information about the condition of education in the state." It accomplishes this goal through three related activities. The first is gathering, organizing, and promoting access to a wide range of existing data describing education in the state. The second is the conducting of analyses and studies to identify priorities, describe conditions, anticipate courses of action, and evaluate their consequences. The third is the collection and analysis of new data on the state's schools as they relate to educational research and national views.

In keeping with this aspect of its workscope, the R\&D Center has initiated a program of annual public surveys on the condition of education in Delaware. The first in this program of annual surveys was administered in the summer of 1994. The core of that survey was repeated in the spring of 1995, in the summers of 1996 and 1997, and in the fall of 1998 and 1999 with the addition of new questions probing attitudes and opinions of particular interest at each administration of the poll. Beginning in 1996, the views of educators (teachers and administrators) were added to this program of research. The educator poll included many items from the public poll assessing the general condition of education. It is envisioned that the core of each survey will be repeated every year, with the addition of particular questions that examine public attitudes and opinions on matters of specific interest in any given year.

## Design and Data Collection

The original survey was developed by the R\&D Center with the advice and under the direction of a special workgroup on statewide polls on the condition of education. That review panel included representatives of the American Association of University Women, Delaware Chief State Officers Association, Delaware Association of School Administrators, Delaware School Board Association, Delaware State Education Association, Advisory Council on Careers and Vocational Education, Delaware Department of Public Instruction, and the Education Advisor for the Governor's Office, as well as selected legislators, members of the business community, the Business/Public Education Council, and the Delaware State Board of Education. Each year the survey is reviewed widely and revised to address timely issues and to provide information sought by various constituents.

From October 3, 1999 to January 27, 2000, telephone interviews were conducted with 919 citizens throughout the state. The sampling plan for the polls was scientifically developed. The public poll used random digit dialing to obtain a random sample of citizens stratified by county. The final sample upon which these results are based included 324 individuals from Kent County, 312 from New Castle County, and 283 from Sussex County. From January 3 to January 13, 2000, telephone interviews were conducted with 301 educators throughout the state. The educator poll included teachers, building administrators, and district administrators and employed a simple random sampling design. All analyses conducted by the R\&D Center for the public poll involved adjusting data from the county samples to reflect the relative size of each in terms of the statewide population. Because all percentages listed in this report were rounded to the nearest whole percent, some of the rows in the tables may not total $100 \%$. This volume includes results for the state as a whole. The public poll results are disaggregated by respondents with and without children of school-age. Other analyses that address particular questions or interests are also available, upon request.

## Appendix B:

Standard Measurement Error

Table 1 is provided to estimate the margin of error for any given question on the educator poll which utilized a simple random sample. For example, if the sample size for a question were 300 and the proportion of the sample that holds a given belief is $85 \%$, the margin of error ( $95 \%$ confidence interval) would be $\pm 4.0$ percentage points or a range from $81 \%$ to $89 \%$.

Table 1:
Expected Margin of Error at 95\% Confidence Interval for the Educator Poll

| Number of <br> Respondents | Estimated Proportion |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 | .05 | .15 | .25 | .50 | .75 | .85 | .95 |  |
|  | $\pm 2.5 \%$ | $\pm 4.0 \%$ | $\pm 4.9 \%$ | $\pm 5.7 \%$ | $\pm 4.9 \%$ | $\pm 4.0 \%$ | $\pm 2.5 \%$ |  |

Since the public poll utilized a more complex, stratified random sample, the margin of error calculations are different. For the public poll, the expected margin of error (at the $95 \%$ confidence interval) is between $\pm 1.1 \%$ and $7.9 \%$ for most of the survey questions. For the remaining questions, the margin of error was larger usually due to a smaller sample size. These questions are listed in Table 2.

Table 2:
Survey Questions with a Margin of Error Greater Than 8\%

| Question | Margin of Error |
| :--- | :---: |
| How helpful is the suspension of students with extreme behavior problems in improving school <br> discipline? | $8.0 \%$ |
| How well informed do you feel you are about the public schools in your community? | $8.6 \%$ |
| As compared to five years ago, would you say that children in Delaware are more <br> knowledgeable or less knowledge about science? | $9.8 \%$ |
| How well does your child's school let you know between report cards how well your child is <br> doing in school? | $10.2 \%$ |

Table 2 (Con't):
Survey Questions with a Margin of Error Greater Than 8\%

| How well does your child's school make you aware of chances to volunteer at the school? | $11.0 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| My child's school welcomes family involvement. | $11.1 \%$ |
| My child's school makes it easy to be involved there. | $11.9 \%$ |
| Should ineffective teachers lose their teaching license, meaning they could not teach anywhere <br> in Delaware? | $12.5 \%$ |
| Should ineffective teachers be fired if in the last 3 years they received two unsatisfactory <br> evaluations? | $12.9 \%$ |
| How well does your child's school provide information about how to help your child with <br> his/her homework? | $13.0 \%$ |
| How well does your child's school help you understand what children at your child's age are <br> like? | $13.1 \%$ |
| Did the mother or father (or both or neither) attend a general meeting for example a back-to- <br> school night or a meeting of a parent-teacher organization during the past year? | $18.0 \%$ |
| Did the mother or father (or both or neither) attend a class event such as a play, sports event, or <br> science fair during the past year? | $18.2 \%$ |
| Did the mother or father (or both or neither) attend a meeting of a parent advisory group or <br> policy council during the past year? | $20.0 \%$ |
| Did the mother or father (or both or neither) go to a regularly scheduled parent/teacher <br> conference during the past year? | $20.0 \%$ |
| Did the mother or father (or both or neither) act as a volunteer at the school or serve on a <br> committee during the past year? | $24.0 \%$ |
| Because of the Smithsonian Science Project, would you say that science education in Delaware <br> has gotten worse, stayed about the same or improved? | $26.0 \%$ |

## Appendix C:

## References

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[^0]:    For more information on the 1999 public or educator poll, please contact the staff of the R\&D Center by email at ud-
    rdc@udel.edu or by phone at (302) 831-4433. The full report can also be found on the web at http://www.rdc.udel.edu.

[^1]:    ${ }_{* *}^{*}$ For the complete results of the trend analysis, see pages 36-43.
    ${ }^{* *}$ For the complete results of the national comparisons, see pages 44-49.

[^2]:    * Questions asked only of parents.

[^3]:    * Questions asked only of parents.

[^4]:    **Numbers do not add up to $100 \%$ because respondents were permitted to list more than one source of information.
    *Questions asked only of parents.

[^5]:    *Numbers do not add up to $100 \%$ because respondents were permitted to list more than one source of information.

