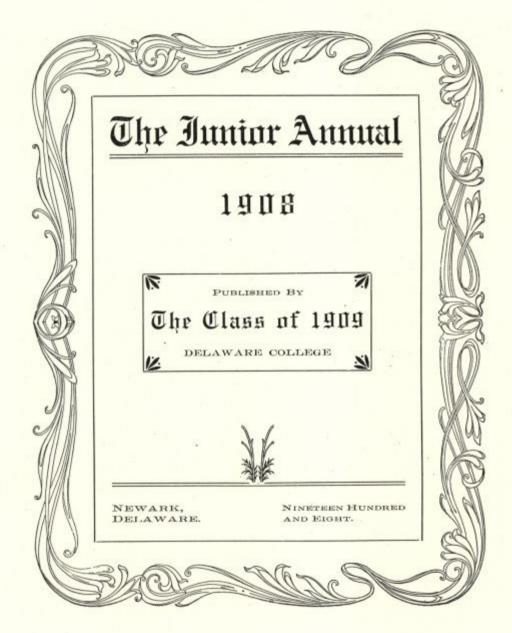






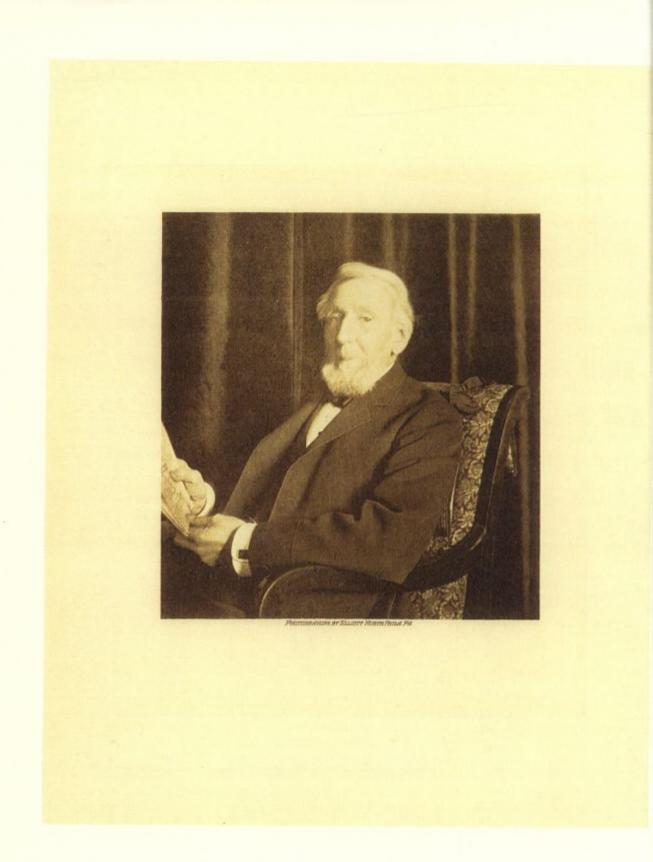


THE STAR PRINTING CO WILMINGTON, DELAWARE









Maulove Hayes



Co Mr. Manlove Payes who throughout his long life has illustrated every virtue of manhood and ritizenship, this book is respectfully inscribed.



LD 1488 .B58 1908



## MANLOVE AAYES.

CCORDING to the provisions of the Act passed by the General Assembly of Delaware in 1867 under which the reorganization of Delaware College was effected, Manlove Hayes, of Dover, was elected a member of the Board of Trustees June 20, 1882, as a representative on the part of the old college. At that time Dr. Lewis P. Bush was President of the Board, and George G. Evans, already a veteran in the service of the College, having been elected a member of the Board in 1856, was its Secretary.

Mr. Hayes at once entered into the duties of his trust with characteristic zeal and intelligence and soon occupied a position of great influence in the counsels of the Board. From early boyhood he had revealed those traits of character that go to make up his personality and had exhibited a broad

minded sympathy with every movement that looks towards the upbuilding of his fellow man. It was natural that he should early be entrusted with the working out of some of

the difficult problems that confronted the Board of Trustees in the management of the affairs of the College. He was made Vice-President of the Board upon the election of Chief Justice Lore to succeed in the Presidency made vacant by the death of Dr. Bush. He has served on all the most important committees of the Board, both permanent and special, in many cases as chairman, and has been most active in pushing all measures that promise the betterment of the College. By the force of his character and the wisdom of his counsels he has been enabled to fix the impress of his life upon the workings of the College and to determine its development upon broad and lasting foundations. Mr. Hayes thus describes his first connection with the College and his subsequent interest in the institution. In 1832 and 1833, then a lad of 16 years, he was a student of Newark Academy under the rectorship of the Rev. A. K. Russell.

"As I remember, Newark College was built in 1833. I do not recall any formal ceremonies at its founding, such as laying the corner-stone, etc., but have a distinct recollection of the open trenches for the foundations; in fact while I was playing around them with other boys and making inquiries of the man in charge of the masonry, he handed me a brick and showed me where to place it in the corner of one of the trenches, saying that it would not be removed and that I could say I laid the first brick in the College building. I have often thought of this incident and it may have been one reason, though less important than many others, for the active interest I have always felt in the success of the College." Of the early struggles of the College while it was suffering from the lack of students and resources, he says:

"At this time the attendance was small and the Trustees found great difficulty, with the small income at their command, to pay the necessary expenses. The salaries of professors were meager and the utmost economy was used in maintaining the College buildings. The Legislature was appealed to for aid but at first responded very reluctantly. It seemed to be hard to convince the law makers that the College, as a State institution, appealed strongly to their liberality and of right claimed justly their support; and that State pride should inspire them to deal generously by it in making appropriations. I took part in every movement of the kind, using my best efforts and all the influence I could bring to bear in its behalf. As the number of students increased it was found absolutely necessary to have larger and better accommodations. By a strenuous effort, including a visit to the College by the Legislature, the want of a larger building was made so apparent that a bill was passed giving the College an appropriation for the erection of Recitation Hall (1890-92). Since then appropriations have been granted for enlarging and remodeling the old Dormitory building and for workshops and a large gymnasium. In all progressive matters in relation to improvements and to educational instruction I have taken an active part and as the chairman of the Committee on Instruction and Discipline and as a member of other

important committees have for many years devoted a good deal of attention to the affairs of this institution as well as to other subjects of general education."

Mr. Hayes proceeds to tell of other activities in which he has been engaged for the education of the public:

"I was for sixteen years President of the Dover Library and by a personal visit to the Secretary of the United States Treasury, obtained permission for the Library to use the fine suite of rooms on the second floor of the Post Office Building at Dover. A few years ago the stockholders of this library transferred their stock gratuitously to the Dover Town Library, which now enjoys the free use of their books and other privileges. I declined an election to the Presidency, but was soon afterwards appointed by Governor Hunn a member of the State Library Commission and accepted the Presidency of the Board.

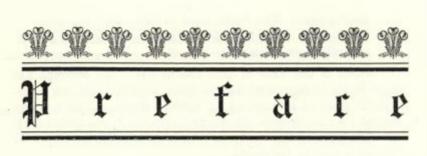
"I have taken an active interest in agriculture and was made corresponding secretary of the first State Agricultural Society in 1849, and continued to act in that capacity for more than thirty years, in the meantime making monthly reports on the condition of crops to the U. S. Department of Agriculture and maintaining a large correspondence with other agricultural institutions and progressive farmers. My report of the State Board of Agriculture of 1888-89, the first published, was esteemed of general interest and highly valued by the farmers. The volume contains about five hundred pages. The State paid for the printing and binding of this work, but was at no expense in compiling or editing the report."

Such is one side of this useful life. No attempt has been made to represent him in his manysidedness, as a successful man of affairs, as an active citizen, or as a warm friend ever ready with advice and help for his neighbors. It is enough to say that to know him is an inspiration to nobler thoughts and better deeds.

Bold and fearless against wrong in any of its protean forms, yet, with a gentleness almost womanly, he has led the way through many a trying hour, and in victory with equal poise and centering, gave assurance that all the issues are worthy of the struggle.

Safe in leadership, wise in counsel, and sane in purpose, he is truly and reverently the "grand old man" of the Board of the Trustees.





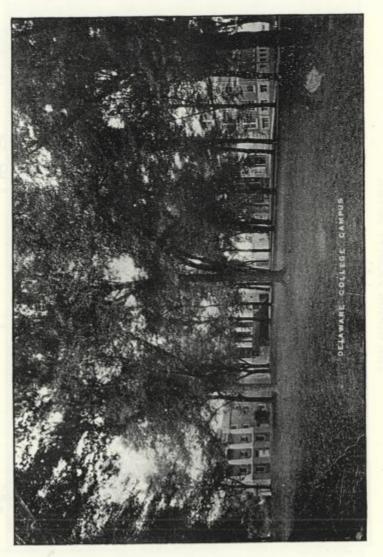
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N offering this book to the public, we wish to say that we have earnestly endeavored to portray undergraduate life at the College both in a serious and in a frivolous aspect. It has required a great deal of work to publish this annual, imperfect as it may seem in many details, and we sincerely hope that it will meet with your favor. The board has realized from the beginning

that it is incapable of producing such a book as it would desire; still, since the proposition was put before us we accepted it heartily, and now you have the results. The board wishes to thank the members of the faculty and student body for their kind assistance. If after reading this book you find that it is not up to your expectations, try to imagine a few of the obstacles which we have had to deal with, of which not the least troublesome was the time taken necessarily from regular college work and devoted to its preparation.

THE BOARD.

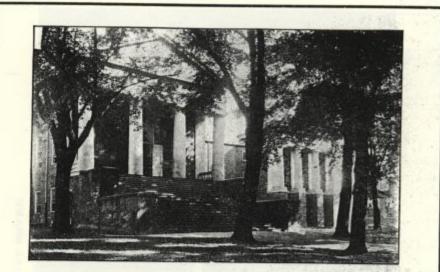


THE CAMPUS

## The Innior Annual Board of the Class of '09 Editor-in-Chief, WILLIAM FLOYD WINGETT. Associate Editors, GUSTAVE ADOLPHUS PAPPERMAN, CECIL EDWIN WATTS, HOWARD HOPKINS PROUSE, EDWARD WILLIAM MCGARVEY. Art Editor. WALTER WILLOUGHBY JOSEPHS. Associate Art Editor. MARCUS A. ROBIN. Business Manager. JAMES BARBER ADKINS. Assistant Business Managers, HENRY VAN DYKE STEWART, ROBERT MCCLEAN CARSWELL, CLIFFORD MCINTIRE, RICHARD JOSEPH WARD, FRED CARLTON MacSORLEY, VICTOR HERBERT JONES.



THE JUNIOR ANNUAL BOARD



# A Brief History of Delaware

ELAWARE COLLEGE is situated at Newark, a quiet, well-ordered, and hospitable village of fifteen hundred inhabitants in the northwestern part of the State. Newark is connected with Philadelphia, Wilmington, Baltimore and Washington by the Pennsylvania, and Baltimore and Ohio Railroads, and there are few points in Delaware or in the Peninsular

counties of Maryland distant from the village more than a

few hours by rail. The region about Newark is one of the most healthful and beautiful on the Atlantic slope. The site of the College, near the center of the town, is one of unusual charm. The village has a supply of excellent water and is lighted by electricity.

Delaware College was chartered in 1833 by Act of the Delaware Legislature, and the doors of the College were first opened to students in May of the following year. The College had been doing for a quarter of a century an important work, not only for Delaware, but as well for neighboring parts of Pennsylvania and Maryland, when by a succession of misfortunes she was forced in the spring of 1859 to close her doors.

Eleven years later the College was resuscitated, having meanwhile been designated by Act of the Delaware Legislature as beneficiary under the Act of Congress apportioning to each of the several States large areas of public lands to form the basis of endowments for colleges especially devoted to the teaching of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, and Military Tactics. This Act of Congress, commonly known as the "Morrill Bill," from its originator, Senator Morrill of Vermont, declares that the colleges made beneficiary under its provisions shall have as their leading object, "without excluding other scientific and classical studies and including Military Tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts \* \* \* in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life." In consideration of the designation and establishment of Delaware College as the institution to be provided by the State of Delaware in accordance

with the provisions of the Act of Congress in question, "a joint and equal interest in the grounds, buildings, libraries and vested funds of the College proper" was conveyed to the State of Delaware, and equal representation upon the Board of Trustees was given the State.

The Board of Trustees consists of fifteen members, representing the original Board, and fifteen members on the part of the State appointed by the Governor, five from each



of the three counties. The Governor of the State and the President of the College are members *ex-officio*.

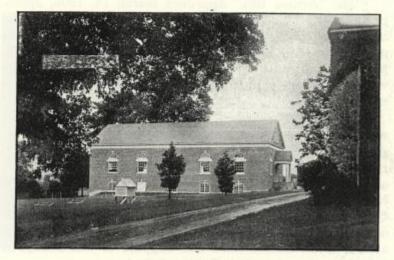
In 1888, by Act of the Delaware Legislature, the Delaware College Agricultural Experiment Station was established as a department of the College under the provisions of an Act of Congress approved March 2, 1887, commonly known as the "Hatch Bill," appropriating \$15,000 annually for the purpose of "acquiring and diffusing among the people of the United States useful and practical information on the subjects connected with agriculture and to promote scientific investigation and experiment respecting the principles and applications of Agricultural Science under direction of the college or colleges established in each of the States and Territories" in accordance with the provisions of the "Morrill Bill."

The "Adams Bill," approved March 16, 1906, appropriating \$5,000 for the first year and increasing this amount by \$2,000 a year until it eventually reaches \$15,000, makes possible the still further expansion of the work of the Experiment Station along lines set down by the law for the development of Agricultural Science by means of research and experiment.

Delaware College is beneficiary also under a further Act of Congress, known as the "New Morrill Bill," approved August 20, 1890, which appropriated for the year then current \$15,000 to each State for the "Land Grant Colleges" and provided for the increase of the appropriation by \$1,000 each year until it should reach \$25,000 a year. Delaware College receives annually four-fifths of this appropriation, one-fifth, in accordance with the provisions of the bill, being applied to the maintenance and support of the College at Dover for the education of colored students.

This Act was supplemented by the passage of the "Nelson Bill," approved March 4, 1907, providing for an appropriation of \$5,000 for the year ending June 30, 1908, and a subsequent annual increase in appropriation of \$5,000 until it reaches \$25,000, thus making an annual income of \$50,-000 from the national government. Delaware College will receive four-fifths of this amount annually, the rest going to the college for the colored race at Dover.

The appropriations provided for in this Act are to be applied "to instruction in Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts, the English Language and the various branches of mathematical, physical, natural and economic sciences with special reference to their applications in the industries of life, and to the facilities for such instruction."



#### THE GYMNASIUM

Stimulated by the increased income provided by these recent Acts, Delaware College has, within the past few years, enlarged her corps of instructors and greatly increased her equipment of apparatus and appliances, so that she is now vastly better enabled than ever before in her whole history to perform her appointed duty. The buildings of the College, situated in an ample and beautiful campus, shaded by trees as old as the institution itself, consist of the recently improved Dormitory, a large brick structure originally the sole College building for all purposes and still occupied, not only for lodgings, but also for laboratories, the old library, the literary societies and recitation rooms; Recitation Hall, a handsome brick building erected by the State in 1891; the wood-working and machine shop, where are housed machinery and apparatus for a thorough practical course of instruction in the mechanic arts; the Gymnasium, which is admirably fitted for its purpose.

The Experiment Station, which contains the offices, libraries and laboratories of the station workers, occupies a building on the College grounds. The station has also a green-house, with laboratory adjoining, in the rear campus, and several buildings used for storage and other purposes in the conduct of the various lines of experimental work.

The Legislature of 1903 appropriated \$15,000, payable in two equal annual installments, and the workshops have been greatly enlarged and are now entirely adequate for the present needs of the College. The first floor is equipped with wood-working and iron-working machinery and on the second floor are found large drafting-rooms and laboratories.

The sum of \$25,000 appropriated by the Delaware Legislature in the year 1901 for rebuilding and repairs at Delaware College, was expended mainly in repairing and enlarging the dormitory. The building was replastered throughout, and the floors were made secure by the introduction of new timbers. The sleeping rooms were made comfortable and attractive, and the Oratory was remodeled and redecorated so that it is now one of the handsomest auditoriums in the State. New fronts, corresponding in style with the Doric portico of the main entrance, were placed on the wings, and at right angles to the wings and parallel to the main structure were built three-story extensions. These improvements have increased the number of sleeping rooms, and furnished handsome apartments for recitation rooms and laboratories.

The appropriation of \$15,000 which was made by the Legislature of Delaware over a year ago has been applied to the building of a Drill Hall and Gymnasium. In the basement of the building will be found shower baths, plunge baths and lockers for the use of the students. Provision has been made for a swimming pool, which we hope will soon be completed. The main floor will serve as a drill hall and gymnasium.

At the last session of the Legislature of Delaware a bill was passed authorizing a commission to apply twenty thousand dollars to "the purchase and equipment of a farm to be managed and conducted by the Board of Trustees of Delaware College at Newark, for experimental purposes in providing efficient instruction in Agriculture and in conducting investigations and original research in connection with the Experiment Station established as a department of the College." A farm of 217 acres, lying a mile south of the College, has been bought. It is most attractively situated and furnishes excellent means for practical instruction in Agriculture.

The College buildings are heated by steam and lighted by electricity and are supplied with water by the town water works. A considerable part of the rear campus is occupied as an athletic field, which affords excellent facilities for outdoor sports and games.

Tuition is free to all students from the State of Delaware, so that the College constitutes a part of our system of free public instruction. She places within reach of the young men of the State a thorough collegiate training with no other cost than that of living and the provision of necessary books and a few inconsiderable fees to cover expenses incurred by the institution. Her work is laid out upon broad lines, and the culture of liberal learning and the practical usefulness of the applied sciences are equally emphasized in her scheme of education. While, in pursuance of the special aims of her organization, stress is laid upon those departments which build up good citizenship and useful manhood, the place so wisely provided in the foundation of the "Land Grant" Colleges is given to the refining graces and amenities of the older learning.





## CORPORATION

#### BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

His Excellency, GOVERNOR PRESTON LEA, ex-officio. GEO. A. HARTER, Ph. D., President of the College, ex-officio.

TRUSTEES REPRESENTING THE ORIGIN	AL	BOARD.	
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MANLOVE HAYES Dover
H. G. M. KOLLOCK, M. DNewark
GEORGE W. MARSHALL, M. D
JOHN C. HIGGINSDelaware City
J. HARVEY WHITEMANWilmington
CHARLES B. EVANSNewark
GEORGE BIDDLE
F. WILLIAM CURTISNewark
WILLIAM T. LYNAMWilmington
GEORGE G. KERRNewark
LEWIS P. BUSH
JOHN BIGGSWilmington
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TRUSTEES ON BEHALF OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE.

#### New Castle County.

HON. CHARLES B. LORE	Wilmington
EDWARD REYNOLDS	Middletown
DANIEL W. CORBIT	Odessa
HON. LEWIS H. BALL, M. D	Marshallton
J. EDWARD ADDICKS	Claymont
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#### Kent County.

Kent County.
JOHN C. STOCKLY
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W. W. HARRINGTONDover
SAMUEL H. DERBY

#### Sussex County.

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#### COMMITTEE ON EXAMINATIONS.

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WM. T. LYNAM.

#### COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE.

GEO. G. KERR, Chairman.

DANIEL W. CORBIT. SAMUEL H. DERBY,

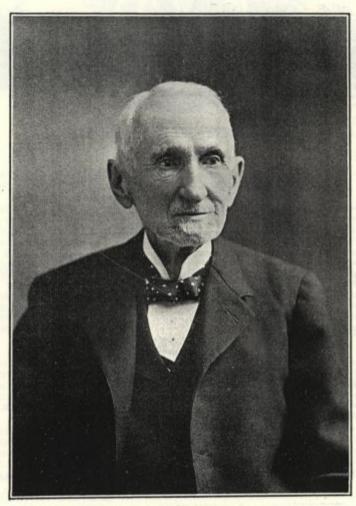
SAMUEL H. MESSICK, MANLOVE HAYES.

#### COMMITTEE ON INSTRUCTION AND DISCIPLINE.

MANLOVE HAYES, Chairman.

CHARLES B. EVANS, DR. GEORGE W. MARSHALL, SAMUEL H. MESSICK.

J. HARVEY WHITEMAN,



MR. GEORGE G. EVANS.



# GEORGE G. EVANS

Mr. George G. Evans had been so long and so honorably connected with the management of Delaware College as a member of the Board of Trustees that the tidings of his death came with a distinct shock to everyone when it was announced at the opening of the College in 1904 that he had just passed away. He had been identified with the College for so many years in its struggles and growth that it was hard to realize that he was no more.

He was born June 1, 1815, and died September 16, 1904, having lived and worked all but a few years in early manhood hard by the shades of the old campus. During his early years he served as a clerk to a merchant in Baltimore and there learned the principles and the habits which make for success in commercial enterprises. He returned to Newark and at once entered upon a career of prosperity characterized by honest and straightforward dealing. He knew the struggles of the College and, in 1856, when he was elected a member of the Governing Board, he became its Secretary. In a few years afterwards the College was closed. owing to the unsettled condition along the border due to the approaching conflict of the North and South. He was very active in having the College reorganized after the close of the war, and was largely instrumental in having it made beneficiary of the Land Script Act of 1862 by virtue of which it was enabled to offer richer courses of study than ever before in its history. He was chosen Treasurer of the Board of Trustees in 1870 and held the joint offices of Secretary and Treasurer until 1896, when, feeling the infirmities of his years, he asked to be relieved from the arduous duties of the dual position. His son, Charles B. Evans, Esq., was elected Secretary and Treasurer of the Board and still holds the position which he and his father have so long ably filled.

Mr. Evans up to the last occupied a place on the Committee on Instruction and Discipline and the Prudential Committee, and, besides these permanent committees, served on numerous special committees that were appointed from time to time as the affairs of the College demanded them. Mr. Evans brought into the Board of Trustees ripe business training and energetic habits which, combined with a masterful personality, won the confidence of his fellows and enabled him to guide and direct the affairs of the institution to the end he aimed at. By his astuteness and uprightness, by his probity and fearlessness he managed the affairs of the College in times when everything looked discouraging and brought it safely into its present condition of enlarged property and wide usefulness. He displayed the same indomitable energy in the work of the institution he so much loved as he used in his private business and out of the wealth of his wisdom he gave his best.

He was a kind father, an active citizen and a good neighbor. His memory will be ever cherished as the Nestor of the Board of Trustees of Delaware College.

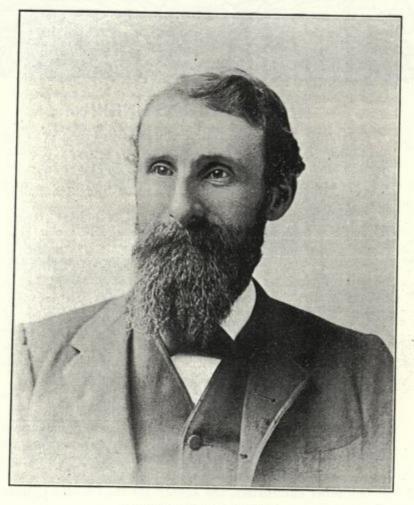


# MR. JAMES HOSSINGER

On June 20th, 1882, four members were elected to the old College Board. Of these Dr. Peter D. Keyser, of Philadelphia, died in the spring of 1897, while Mr. Hayes and Dr. Kollock are still serving the College with the vigor of their matured powers.

Death claimed the fourth when, after a short illness following a prolonged period of weakness, Mr. James Hossinger laid down the burden of his busy life, December 3, 1906. Born May 14, 1838, in the neighborhood of Newark, he was prepared for College at the Newark Academy, and in the fall of 1853 he entered the Freshman class of this institution. In due time he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, having completed the studies of the Classical course with much credit to himself and to his teachers. A very companionable man, he made many warm friendships while at College, and he treasured them to the last.

Immediately upon graduation he entered upon the active duties of life and became very much interested in scientific and practical agriculture. After successfully managing his farms for years he retired from actively carrying on their operations and in 1887 he came to Newark to live, not losing however his fondness for out-door life. He conducted, among other enterprises, the agency for the Chester County

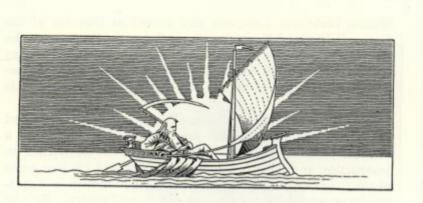


MR. JAMES HOSSINGER.

Mutual Insurance Company and served as Director of the National Bank of Newark, of which institution he was the President some years before his death. In 1881 he was elected a Trustee of the Newark Academy and was the Secretary and Treasurer of the Board from that time until his death.

As a member of the College Board he was Chairman of the Agricultural Committee for a number of years and a member of the Prudential Committee and the Committee on Instruction and Discipline. He there showed his fine sense of the needs of the College and his good judgment in directing its operations along lines of safety and sanity. He was a warm-hearted friend, a good citizen, a loving husband and father. As a loyal son, he gave of his best to Delaware College.



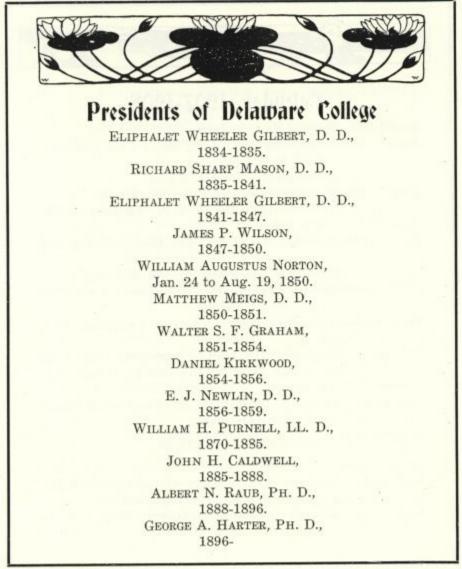


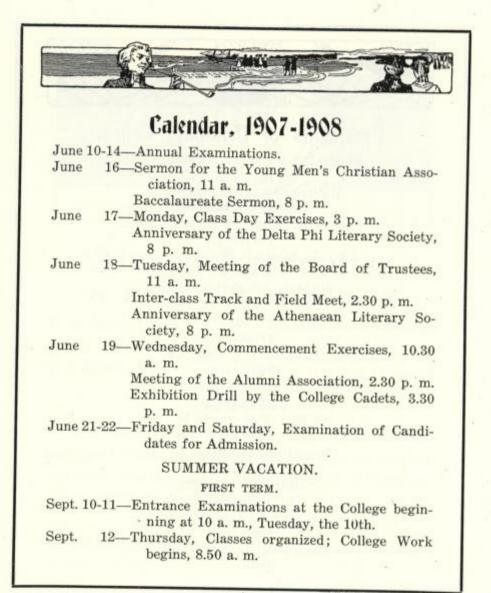
# Alumni Association

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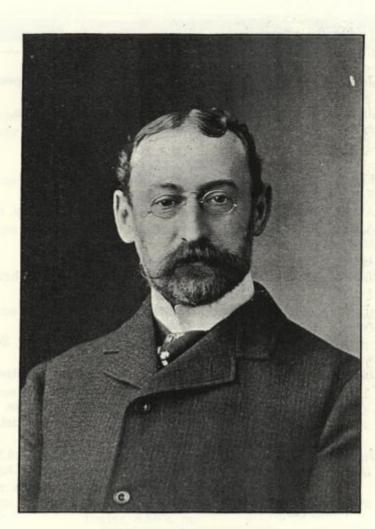
The Secretary of the Association has edited an Alumni catalogue which contains the names, addresses, occupations and other data of almost all former students of Delaware. It is the first book of the kind to be published.

The Association Meets Annually on Commencement Day





Nov.	28-National Thanksgiving.
Dec.	20-Christmas Vacation begins at 3.30 p.m.
	1908.
Jan.	6—Christmas Vacation ends, College re-opens, 8.50 a.m.
Jan.	28—Meeting of the Board of Trustees, 11 a.m.
Jan.	27-31—Semi-Annual Examinations.
*	SECOND TERM.
Feb.	3-Second Term begins, Monday, 8.50 a.m.
Feb.	22-Washington's Birthday.
April	16-Thursday, Easter Vacation begins, 4.30 p. m.
April	27-Monday, College re-opens, 8.50 a.m.
May	30—Memorial Day.
June	8-12—Annual Examinations.
June	14—Sunday, Sermon for the Young Men's Chris- tian Association, 11 a. m. Baccalaureate Sermon, 8 p. m.
June	15-Monday, Class Day Exercises, 3 p. m.
	Anniversary of the Athenaean Literary So- ciety, 8 p. m.
June	16—Tuesday, Meeting of the Board of Trustees, 11 a. m.
	Inter-class Track and Field Meet, 2.30 p. m. Anniversary of the Delta Phi Literary Society, 8 p. m.
June	17—Wednesday, Commencement Exercises, 10.30 a. m.
	Meeting of the Alumni Association, 2.30 p. m. Exhibition Drill, 3.30 p. m.



GEORGE A. HARTER, PH. D. PRESIDENT,



### GEO. A. HARTER, M. A., Ph. D.

#### President and Professor of Mathematics and Physics.

Dr. Harter was born near Leitersburg, Washington County, Maryland, November 7, 1853. He received his early education in the county schools and the Normal School at Lebanon, Ohio. In the fall of 1874 he entered the Freshman class at St. John's College and was graduated in 1878. Immediately after graduation he was made Assistant Professor of Latin and Mathematics. During the collegiate year, 1878-1879, he pursued a graduate course in early English, etc., with Dr. Garrett and Dr. Hopkins, and in mathematics with Professor Johnson. From St. John's Mr. Harter received also the degrees of M. A. and Ph. D. In 1880 he was elected Principal of the Hagerstown High School at Hagerstown, Maryland, where he labored successfully for five years. In 1885 he was elected to the chair of Mathematics and Modern Languages in Delaware College. From 1888 till 1896 he was Professor of Mathematics and Physics. On the resignation of Dr. Raub in 1896 he was called to the Presidency. During his incumbency of twelve years the

